BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

City of Mountain Brook, Alabama City Officials

September 30, 2011

MAYOR

The Honorable Lawrence T. Oden

CITY COUNCIL

Ms. Virginia C. Smith, President

Mr. Jack D. Carl

Mr. William S. (Billy) Pritchard, III

Ms. Amy G. Carter

Mr. Jesse S. Vogtle, Jr.

CITY MANAGER

Mr. Sam S. Gaston

DEPARTMENT SUPERVISORS

| Building Inspections | Mr. Jerry Weems |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Finance | |
| Fire Department | Mr. Robert W. (Zeke) Ezekiel |
| Police Department | Mr. Theodore J. (Ted) Cook |
| Street and Sanitation | Mr. Ronald D. Vaughn |
| Parks and Recreation | Mr. Lyman Tidwell |

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Mayor and City Council

City of Mountain Brook

Mountain Brook, Alabama

Independent Auditors' Report

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 2100 16th Avenue South Suite 300 Birmingham, Alabama 35205

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 55765 Birmingham, Alabama 35255

(205) 933-7822 (205) 933-7944 (fax) www.cricpa.com

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mountain Brook, Alabama (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year comparative information has been derived from the City's 2010 financial statements and, in our report dated March 31, 2011, we expressed unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 6, the City's actuarial accrued liability of its pension plan exceeds the actuarial value of assets in the plan.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 19, 2012, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis beginning on page 7 and budgetary comparison information on page 53, are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Carr Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.
Birmingham Alabama

Birmingham, Alabama June 19, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, prepared by the management of the City, is presented to facilitate the users' understanding of the annual report and draw attention to items of interest.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2011, by \$107 million (Total Net Assets). Of this amount, \$63 million represents the net book value of the City's capital assets including infrastructure net of outstanding long-term debt, and \$1.2 million is restricted for the Emergency Communication District (\$534,000), road improvements (\$715,000 from the State Shared Gasoline Tax special revenue funds). The remaining \$43 million is available for use by the City to fund future municipal services and to meet its obligations to employees and creditors.
- The Total Net Assets increased by \$4.6 million in 2011 which includes the net cost of providing core City services of \$21.3 million plus \$25.9 million in General Revenues.
- As of September 30, 2011, the City reported \$37.6 million in fund balances, a decrease of \$1.5 million from 2010. Of the \$37.6 million fund balance, \$9.9 million (26%) is reported in the General Fund, \$23.7 million (63%) in the Capital Projects Fund, and \$4 million (11%) in the Other Governmental Funds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of the 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to financial statements, and 4) certain required supplementary financial information. In addition, the City has included other supplementary information intended to further enhance the users' understanding of the City's financial position and results of operations.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are intended to provide an indication of the City's finances in a manner similar to the private sector. Accordingly, the government-wide statements, comprised of the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Assets depicts all of the primary government's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as Net Assets. Over time, changes in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities illustrates how the City's net assets changed during the year. Revenues and expenses reported in the Statement of Activities are recorded when the underlying event that gave rise to the change occurred as opposed to the timing of the related cash flow. The focus of the Statement of Activities is on the gross and net cost of the various governmental activities which are funded by the City's general tax and other revenues. The purpose of this statement is to simplify the analysis of the costs of various governmental services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements have been prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting and their presentation is largely consistent with historical presentations.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts designed to facilitate control over resources that have been segregated for a specific activity or objective. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds are governmental type funds (as opposed to business-type funds) whose primary resources are provided by taxes.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds essentially measure and report the same activities and transactions as the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the accrual basis government-wide statements, the governmental funds focus on current, spendable resources and balances of such spendable resources available at the end of the year.

The City maintains eleven (11) governmental funds. The City considers the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund (which is comprised of three "sub-funds") to be major funds and their respective balance sheets and statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are separately reported. Information from the remaining funds (Debt Service and Special Revenue) have been aggregated and reported in a single column titled Other Governmental Funds. Additional information about these aggregated non-major funds and the major funds is provided in the other supplementary information.

Infrastructure Capital Assets

A major accounting and reporting change required by the GASB reporting model that was implemented in 2003 is the capitalization of infrastructure assets. The cost of infrastructure was estimated based on historical financial cost data maintained by the City and other estimation techniques (primarily involving non-depreciable land, easements, and rights-of-way). Depreciation of infrastructure was determined using the straight-line method from the year of acquisition using estimated useful lives ranging between 10 and 75 years depending on the class of asset. Infrastructure capitalized and the related depreciation reported in the accompanying government-wide financial statements is as follows:

| | Useful | | | Accumulated |
|-----------------------------|--------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | Life | Cost | Depreciation | Depreciation |
| Land | N/A | \$16,525,671 | N/A | N/A |
| Streets and alleys | 20 | 17,219,555 | \$537,183 | \$11,325,681 |
| Storm sewers | 20 | 13,946,471 | 368,956 | 1,981,116 |
| Sidewalks | 15 | 9,303,328 | 502,933 | 6,746,757 |
| Park facilities | 20 | 8,114,416 | 345,855 | 4,153,897 |
| Street lights and signs | 15 | 1,188,261 | 61,027 | 744,960 |
| Library reference materials | 5 | 4,243,814 | 410,460 | 3,386,653 |
| Totals | | <u>\$70,541,516</u> | \$2,226,414 | \$28,339,064 |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Following is a comparative, condensed financial analysis of the government-wide net assets of the City as of September 30:

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Current assets | \$40,436,215 | \$43,173,323 |
| Other assets | 10,998,992 | 10,525,917 |
| Capital assets | 67,486,804 | 62,828,638 |
| Total assets | <u>118,922,011</u> | <u>116,527,878</u> |
| | | |
| Current and other liabilities | 3,820,772 | 4,995,513 |
| Long-term liabilities | 7,996,962 | 9,001,409 |
| Total liabilities | <u>11,817,734</u> | 13,996,922 |
| Net assets: | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of | | |
| related debt | 63,011,804 | 58,173,638 |
| | , , | , , |
| Restricted | 1,249,072 | 1,178,380 |
| Unrestricted | 42,843,401 | 43,178,938 |
| Total net assets | \$107,104,277 | <u>\$102,530,956</u> |

Following is a comparative analysis of the government-wide revenues and expenses:

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|----------------|---------------|
| Revenues | | |
| Program revenues | | |
| Fees, fines and charges for services | \$5,065,096 | \$4,913,511 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 1,230,623 | 1,016,609 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 3,603,943 | 4,127,274 |
| General revenues | | |
| Ad valorem taxes | 14,969,921 | 15,370,449 |
| Sales and use taxes | 8,732,996 | 8,193,985 |
| Other taxes | 149,793 | 151,097 |
| Utility taxes | 1,460,206 | 1,450,440 |
| Franchise fees | 560,903 | 506,999 |
| Investment earnings | 655,861 | 1,195,866 |
| Gain (loss) on disposals of capital assets | (753,165) | 149,027 |
| Miscellaneous revenue | 11,355 | 20,938 |
| Transfers from component unit | <u>119,419</u> | <u>34,469</u> |
| Total revenues | 35,806,951 | 37,130,664 |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

| | | 2011 | | 2010 |
|-------------------------------|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|
| Expenses | - | • | • | |
| General government | \$ | 3,924,528 | \$ | 4,191,928 |
| Public safety | | 14,148,930 | | 13,468,872 |
| Street and sanitation | | 8,505,687 | | 8,375,457 |
| Recreational | | 1,764,768 | | 1,608,763 |
| Library | | 2,889,717 | | <u>2,838,153</u> |
| Total expenses | | 31,233,630 | | 30,483,173 |
| Increase in net assets | | 4,573,321 | | 6,647,491 |
| Net assets, beginning of year | 8 | 102,530,956 | | 95,883,465 |
| Net assets, end of year | | <u>\$107,104,277</u> | | <u>\$102,530,956</u> |

Analysis of the City's Operations

Revenues

The City's primary source of revenue is real estate ad valorem taxes which comprised 44% of total General Fund revenues in 2011. Real estate ad valorem taxes decreased by \$432,000 (3%) during 2011.

The second largest source of revenue for the City is sales and use tax which totaled 27% of the total General Fund revenues in 2011. Sales and use tax increased by \$622,000 (8%) during 2011.

Following is a comparative summary of the major General Fund revenues as reported in the Governmental Funds financial statements:

| | | | Increase |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | (Decrease) |
| Real estate ad valorem tax | \$13,890,843 | \$14,322,580 | (\$431,737) |
| Sales and use tax | 8,476,522 | 7,854,903 | 621,619 |
| Business licenses | 2,165,612 | 2,130,822 | 34,790 |
| Personal property ad valorem tax | 1,079,079 | 1,047,869 | 31,210 |
| Garbage service fees | 32,436 | 34,062 | (1,626) |
| Utility taxes | 1,460,206 | 1,450,440 | 9,766 |
| Investment earnings | 131,706 | 207,197 | (75,491) |
| All other General Fund revenues | 4,668,121 | 4,265,897 | 402,224 |
| Totals | <u>\$31,904,525</u> | <u>\$31,313,770</u> | <u>\$590,755</u> |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Expenditures

Salaries and benefits increased \$689,000 (4%) in 2011 to \$18.3 million. Labor-related costs made up 59% of the City's total General Fund expenditures in 2011. Following is comparative summary of the major expenditure categories (all funds combined) of the City as reported in the Governmental Funds financial statements:

| | 2011 | 2010 | Increase (Decrease) |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Salaries and benefits | \$18,295,826 | \$17,606,360 | \$689,466 |
| Garbage contract fees | 2,602,521 | 2,569,512 | 33,009 |
| Capital outlay | 9,646,113 | 9,576,104 | 70,009 |
| Intergovernmental services | 723,001 | 717,500 | 5,501 |
| Utilities and communication | 733,575 | 733,536 | 39 |
| Development agreement payments | 982,358 | 892,448 | 89,910 |
| Property and casualty insurance | 295,815 | 302,948 | (7,133) |
| Legal and accounting | 372,593 | 499,495 | (126,902) |
| Fuel and lubricants | 378,213 | 238,717 | 139,496 |
| Debt service | 358,556 | 359,647 | (1,091) |
| Birmingham Zoo, Inc. subsidy | 75,000 | 75,000 | 0 |
| All other | 3,625,024 | <u>3,198,583</u> | <u>426,441</u> |
| Totals | <u>\$38,088,595</u> | <u>\$36,769,850</u> | <u>\$ 1,318,745</u> |

General Budgetary Highlights (budgets are administered based on, and variances are stated in terms of, the Governmental Fund accounting model)

Following is a summary of the pertinent General Fund budget variances:

Actual General Fund revenue exceeded the final budgeted revenue by \$891,369 (3%).
 The favorable (unfavorable) budget variance was comprised of the following:

| | Budget | Actual | Difference |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Real estate ad valorem tax | \$13,900,000 | \$13,890,843 | (\$9,157) |
| Sales and use tax | 8,075,400 | 8,476,522 | 401,122 |
| Other taxes | 897,664 | 903,688 | 6,024 |
| Utility taxes | 1,460,100 | 1,460,206 | 106 |
| Road and bridge tax | 578,000 | 572,584 | (5,416) |
| Construction permits | 632,200 | 753,444 | 121,244 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 472,700 | 529,522 | 56,822 |
| Charges for services | 673,502 | 652,152 | (21,350) |
| Fees for road repairs | 58,000 | 83,086 | 25,086 |
| Grants | 28,830 | 282,423 | 253,593 |
| Investment earnings | 216,025 | 131,706 | (84,319) |
| All other | 4,020,735 | 4,168,349 | <u> 147,614</u> |
| Totals | <u>\$31,013,156</u> | \$31,904,525 | <u>\$891,369</u> |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

 Total General Fund expenditures were \$330,447 (1.2%) less than the final budget. The favorable (unfavorable) General Fund budget variance was comprised largely of the following categories:

| | <u>Budget</u> | <u>Actual</u> | <u>Difference</u> |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Salaries and benefits | \$17,936,556 | \$17,606,360 | \$330,196 |
| Garbage contract fees | 2,580,000 | 2,569,512 | 10,488 |
| Intergovernmental services - Note 8 | 982,910 | 717,500 | 265,410 |
| Utilities and communication | 740,200 | 733,536 | 6,664 |
| Development agreement payments | 596,000 | 892,448 | (296,448) |
| Fuel and lubricants | 293,800 | 238,717 | 55,083 |
| Legal and accounting | 382,900 | 499,495 | (116,595) |
| Street striping | 145,000 | 38,950 | 106,050 |
| Street cut repairs | 120,000 | 55,088 | 64,912 |
| Park and recreation special projects | 115,807 | 51,980 | 63,827 |
| All other | 3,720,209 | <u>3,879,349</u> | <u>(159,140)</u> |
| Totals | <u>\$27,613,382</u> | <u>\$27,282,935</u> | <u>\$330,447</u> |

- The operating transfers out exceeded the amount budgeted by approximately \$786,000.
 This variance resulted primarily from the Council's decision (after year end) to transfer an additional \$575,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund.
- The excess of General Fund revenues and other financing sources over expenditures in the amount of \$1,048,411 was \$507,738 more than budgeted.
- The final General Fund budgeted surplus of \$540,673 was increased by \$147,165 from the amount originally budgeted in the amount of \$393,508. The City Council passed one resolution during 2011 amending the 2011 budget. The budget amendment involved various revisions to revenue and expenditure line items resulting from revenues exceeding original estimates and other transactions that were not considered when the budget was originally adopted.

Other Matters of Interest

Pension Plan

As more fully described in Note 6, the City participates in a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan which is administered by the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama (RSA). The most recent actuarial valuation data available and included in the accompanying report is as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010.

As of September 30, 2010, the RSA reported an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$17 million. However, the actuarial valuation of the plan assets (\$43.4 million) used to determine the unfunded actuarial accrued liability does not include actual investment gains and losses but rather employs the 5-year smoothed market approach. Accordingly, the actuarial valuation of the assets is more than the actual value by \$7.4 million due to the exclusion of unamortized net market losses (realized and unrealized) over the preceding five years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Due to the City Council's concern about the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the City Council has authorized the accumulation of cash reserves in the Debt Service Fund which may ultimately be necessary to pay toward this obligation. As of September 30, 2011, the City had accumulated \$2.7 million in the Debt Service Fund for such purpose. During 2001, the City paid \$2 million more into the pension trust fund than the annual required contribution. In 2007, the City paid an extra \$7 million from the Debt Service Fund to the pension trust fund in order to further reduce the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. In 2008, the City paid \$300,000 more than the actuarially determined annual required contribution from its General Fund. Due in part to the investment performance of the pension trust fund, the City Council has remitted only the annual required contribution to the pension trust fund in 2010 and 2011.

Cash and Temporary Investments

As of September 30, 2011, the City reported cash and temporary investments of \$37.4 million (excluding the cash and investments held by the Section 115 trust and discretely presented component unit) which consisted of unrestricted and donor-restricted cash and temporary investments of \$37.3 million and \$141,000, respectively. Following is a summary of the carrying value of the cash and investments by fund as of September 30, 2011:

| | Unrestricted | F | Restricted |
|--|---------------------|-----------|------------|
| General Fund | \$9,790,734 | \$ | 140,760 |
| Capital Projects Fund | 23,589,897 | | 0 |
| Other Governmental Funds (Debt Service) | 2,719,043 | | 0 |
| Other Governmental Funds (Special Revenue) | 1,185,459 | | 0 |
| Section 115 irrevocable, retiree medical trust | 0 | | 613,573 |
| Discretely presented component unit | 0 | | 3,050,700 |
| Totals | \$37,285,133 | <u>\$</u> | 3,805,033 |

The \$9.8 million dollar General Fund cash and investment balance as of September 30, 2011, represents approximately four (4.3) months of General Fund expenditures.

Capital Assets and Related Replacement Reserves

Regarding capital assets, the City Council has adopted a policy of funding its depreciation expense in order to accumulate monies for the eventual replacement of property, plant and equipment. As of September 30, 2011, the City had accumulated approximately \$24 million in the Capital Projects Fund for such purpose. Accumulated depreciation (considered by management to be the benchmark with respect to measuring the funding status of the property, plant and equipment replacement reserve) totaled \$45 million as of year-end. Following is a summary of the capital expenditures, depreciation expense and transfers to the Capital Projects Fund for the years ended September 30:

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Capital expenditures | \$9,646,113 | \$9,576,104 |
| Depreciation expense | <u>\$4,248,840</u> | <u>\$4,511,151</u> |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|------------------|-------------|
| Transfers to the Capital Projects Fund: | | |
| Funded depreciation policy | \$1,911,624 | \$1,886,248 |
| Other transfers to fund current and future | | |
| capital acquisitions | <u>1,315,269</u> | 1,878,622 |
| Totals | \$3,226,893 | \$3,764,870 |

The City maintains approximately 200 miles of paved roadways and alleys. The state shared gasoline tax revenues, the City's allocation of the Alabama Trust Fund Earnings, and other monies transferred from the General Fund are used to fund the City's street maintenance program. Following is a summary of the revenues and expenditures as they pertain to the maintenance of the City's roadways:

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Revenues | | |
| State shared gasoline tax revenues | \$411,995 | \$414,088 |
| Alabama Trust Fund Earnings | 130,296 | 137,328 |
| Transfers from the City's General Fund | 100,000 | 0 |
| Investment earnings | <u>2,264</u> | 1,333 |
| Total Revenues | 644,555 | 552,749 |
| Street paving expenditures | 603,569 | <u>530,930</u> |
| Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures | 40,986 | 21,819 |
| Fund balance, beginning of the year | 674,252 | <u>652,433</u> |
| Fund Balance, end of year | <u>\$715,238</u> | <u>\$674,252</u> |

Residential Garbage Service Fee Elimination

In 2007, the City adopted an ordinance (No. 1732) lowering the residential garbage service fees by more than 70% effective January 1, 2007. In 2008, the City adopted another ordinance (No. 1769) eliminating the residential garbage service fees. In 2011 and 2010, the City realized \$32,436 and \$34,062, respectively, in garbage service fees collected from its commercial garbage accounts.

Requests for Additional Information

The financial report is designed to provide the residents of the City, investors, creditors and other users with a general overview of the City's finances. Inquiries about this report or requests for additional information may be directed to the Director of Finance at the City of Mountain Brook, P. O. Box 130009, Mountain Brook, Alabama 35213-0009. Inquiries about The Emmet O'Neal Library Board and/or The Mountain Brook Library Foundation (the discretely presented component unit) may be directed to the Library Director at 50 Oak Street, Mountain Brook, Alabama 35213.

City of Mountain Brook, Alabama Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2011 with Comparative Data

| | | | | | С | omponent Unit Library |
|--|-----|------------------|------------|----------------------|------|--------------------------|
| | | Governme 2011 | nta | I Activities 2010 | | Foundation 2011 |
| ASSETS | - | | | | - | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and temporary investments | \$ | 37,285,133 | \$ | 39,159,087 | \$ | 0 |
| Receivables | | 2,693,453 | | 3,573,555 | | 0 |
| Notes receivable | | 121,629 | | 132,288 | | 0 |
| Due from related organization | | 84,874 | | 81,745 | | 0 |
| Inventory and prepaid expenses | | 110,366 | | 117,586 | | 0 |
| Cash and temporary investments - restricted | _ | 140,760 | | 109,062 | | 2,498,089 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 40,436,215 | | 43,173,323 | | 2,498,089 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Notes receivable | | 288,528 | | 375,212 | | 0 |
| Net pension asset | | 10,043,061 | | 9,784,928 | | 0 |
| Net OPEB asset | | 667,403 | | 365,777 | | 0 |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | | 41,726,089 | | 34,453,482 | | 0 |
| Land | | 18,698,005 | | 18,481,042 | | 552,611 |
| Construction in progress | _ | 7,062,710 | | 9,894,114 | | 00 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | | 78,485,796 | | 73,354,555 | | 552,611 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | _ | 118,922,011 | - - | 116,527,878 | | 3,050,700 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 1,105,463 | | 2,263,644 | | 0 |
| Accrued salaries and wages | | 575,323 | | 1,010,684 | | 0 |
| Accrued interest payable | | 87,141 | | 90,628 | | 0 |
| Due to related organization | | 51,855 | | 47,761 | | 0 |
| Other current liabilities | | 1,810,990 | | 1,402,796 | | 0 |
| Long-term debt | | 190,000 | | 180,000 | | 0 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | 3,820,772 | | 4,995,513 | | 0 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | | 2,517,945 | | 2,387,454 | | 0 |
| Long-term debt | | 4,285,000 | | 4,475,000 | | 0 |
| Other liabilities | | 1,194,017 | | 2,138,955 | | 0 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | 7,996,962 | | 9,001,409 | | 0 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | _ | 11,817,734 | | 13,996,922 | | 0 |
| PENSION OBLIGATION (SEE NOTE 6) | | | | | | |
| NET ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets (net of related debt) | | 63,011,804 | | 58,173,638 | | 552,611 |
| Restricted | | 1,249,072 | | 1,178,380 | | 2,498,089 |
| Unrestricted | _ | 42,843,401 | | 43,178,938 | | 0 |
| TOTAL NET ASSETS | \$_ | 107,104,277 | _\$_ | 102,530,956 | _\$_ | 3,050,700 |



City of Mountain Brook, Alabama Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2011 with Comparative Data

| | | | Program Revenues | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|------------|------------------|--|------|--|-------|--|--|
| Program Activities | | Expenses | | Fees, Fines and Charges for Services | | Operating Grants and Contributions | | Capital Grants and Contributions | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 3,924,528 | \$ | 2,590,651 | \$ | 904,276 | \$ | 0 | |
| Public safety | | 14,148,930 | | 2,150,626 | | 16,450 | | 3,976 | |
| Street and sanitation | | 8,505,687 | | 135,346 | | 227,618 | | 3,492,971 | |
| Recreational | | 1,764,768 | | 113,880 | | 43,925 | | 41,425 | |
| Library | _ | 2,889,717 | | 74,593 | | 38,354 | | 65,571 | |
| Total | \$ | 31,233,630 | _\$_ | 5,065,096 | _ \$ | 1,230,623 | _ \$_ | 3,603,943 | |
| Component unit: | | | | | | | | | |
| Library Foundation | \$ | 68,361 | _\$_ | 0 | _\$ | 187,632 | _\$_ | 0 | |

General revenues:

Taxes:

Ad Valorem (real and personal property)

Sales and use

Other taxes

Occupational license fees

Utility taxes

Franchise fees

Investment earnings (loss)

Gain (loss) on sale/disposal of capital assets

Miscellaneous revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets at beginning of year (as originally reported)

Prior period adjustments

Net assets at beginning of year (as restated)

Net assets at end of year

| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
|-----|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Total Net | Total Net | | |
| | (Expense) | (Expense) | | |
| | Revenue and | Revenue and | Component | Component |
| | Changes in | Changes in | Unit (Library | Unit (Library |
| | Net Assets | Net Assets | Foundation) | Foundation) |
| - | 11017100010 | 1101710000 | T Garidation, | - Touridation |
| | | | | |
| \$ | (429,601) \$ | (705,311) \$ | 0 | \$ 0 |
| | (11,977,878) | (11,368,398) | 0 | 0 |
| | (4,649,752) | (4,257,050) | 0 | 0 |
| | (1,565,538) | (1,403,764) | 0 | 0 |
| _ | (2,711,199) | (2,691,256) | 0 | 0 |
| _ | (21,333,968) | (20,425,779) | | |
| | | | | |
| | | - | 119,271 | 90,963 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | 14,969,921 | 15,370,449 | 0 | 0 |
| | 8,732,996 | 8,193,985 | 0 | 0 |
| | 149,793 | 151,097 | 0 | 0 |
| | 0 | . 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1,460,206 | 1,450,440 | 0 | 0 |
| | 560,903 | 506,999 | 0 | 0 |
| | 655,861 | 1,195,866 | (43, 147) | 251,221 |
| | (753,165) | 149,027 | 0 | 0 |
| | 11,355 | 20,938 | 3,600 | Ō |
| | 119,419 | 34,469 | (119,419) | (34,469) |
| _ | 25,907,289 | 27,073,270 | (158,966) | 216,752 |
| - | 4,573,321 | 6,647,491 | (39,695) | 307,715 |
| | 102,530,956 | 86,071,960 | 3,090,395 | 2,782,680 |
| | 0 | 9,811,505 | 0,000,000 | 0 |
| _ | | | ····· | |
| _ | 102,530,956 | 95,883,465 | 3,090,395 | 2,782,680 |
| \$_ | 107,104,277 \$ | 102,530,956 \$ | 3,050,700 | \$3,090,395 |

City of Mountain Brook, Alabama Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2011

| | - | General | | Capital Projects | _ | Other Governmenta Funds | al - | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|-----|------------|-------------|---------------------|-----|-------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and temporary investments Cash and temporary | \$ | 9,790,734 | \$ | 23,589,897 | \$ | 3,904,502 | \$ | 37,285,133 |
| investments - restricted | | 140,760 | | 0 | | 0 | | 140,760 |
| Receivables | | 2,056,819 | | 650,942 | | 70,566 | | 2,778,327 |
| Inventory and prepaid expenses | | 110,366 | | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | 110,366 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$_ | 12,098,679 | \$ | 24,240,839 | _\$ | 3,975,068 | \$ | 40,314,586 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | _ | | | | | | | |
| 1 | \$ | 527,402 | \$ | 521,108 | \$ | • | \$ | |
| Accrued salaries and wages | | 589,081 | | 0 | | 0 | | 589,081 |
| Other liabilities | _ | 1,009,087 | | 0 | - | 0 | | 1,009,087_ |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | - | 2,125,570 | | 521,108 | _ | 6,953 | - | 2,653,631 |
| Pension obligation (see Note 6) | | | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 110,366 | | 0 | | 0 | | 110,366 |
| Restricted | | . 0 | | 0 | | 1,249,072 | | 1,249,072 |
| Committed | | 53,455 | | 23,719,731 | | 0 | | 23,773,186 |
| Assigned | | 2,117,555 | | 0 | | 2,719,043 | | 4,836,598 |
| Unassigned | _ | 7,691,733 | _ | 0 | | 0 | | 7,691,733 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | _ | 9,973,109 | | 23,719,731 | - | 3,968,115 | | 37,660,955 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$_ | 12,098,679 | \$ _ | 24,240,839 | \$ | 3,975,068 | \$ | 40,314,586 |

City of Mountain Brook, Alabama Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2011

Fund balance - total governmental funds

\$ 37,660,955

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Note receivable charged to capital outlay in the fund financial statements less principal recoveries.

360,157

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation \$ 112,089,139 (44,602,335)

67,486,804

Net pension assets are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

10,043,061

Net OPEB assets are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

667,403

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Governmental bonds payable Compensated absences

Accrued interest payable

(4,475,000)

(2,517,945)

Accrued development agreement obligations

(87,141) (2,034,017)

(9,114,103)

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ <u>107,104,277</u>



City of Mountain Brook, Alabama Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2011

| | _ | General | | Capital Projects |
|---|-----|-------------|-----|---------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 26,382,922 | \$ | 0 |
| Licenses and permits | | 3,540,269 | | 0 |
| Intergovernmental | | 84,874 | | 0 |
| Charges for services | | 652,152 | | 0 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 529,522 | | 0 |
| Grants | | 282,423 | | 2,746,851 |
| Other operating revenues | _ | 432,363 | - | 498,100 |
| Total revenues | _ | 31,904,525 | - | 3,244,951 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current (operating): | | | | |
| General government | | 4,868,781 | | 4,488,545 |
| Public safety | | 12,615,874 | | 543,658 |
| Street and sanitation | | 6,036,984 | | 3,443,420 |
| Recreational | | 1,195,140 | | 755,282 |
| Library | | 2,566,156 | | 0 |
| Debt service: | | _ | | _ |
| Principal | | 0 | | 0 |
| Interest | - | 0 | | 0_ |
| Total expenditures | _ | 27,282,935 | - | 9,230,905 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over expenditures | _ | 4,621,590 | _ | (5,985,954) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Operating transfers in | | 0 | | 3,226,893 |
| Operating transfers (out) | | (3,760,668) | | (358,556) |
| Operating transfers in - component unit | | 119,419 | | 0 |
| Donations | _ | 68,070 | | 207,804 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | - | (3,573,179) | | 3,076,141 |
| Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses | | 1,048,411 | | (2,909,813) |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | _ | 8,924,698 | | 26,629,544 |
| FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR | \$_ | 9,973,109 | \$_ | 23,719,731 |

| | | | Other Governmental Funds | | Total Governmental Funds |
|------------|---------------|-----|--------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|
| | | \$ | 411,995 | \$ | 26,794,917 |
| () | | | . 0 | • | 3,540,269 |
| | | | 0 | | 84,874 |
| | | | 329,353 | | 981,505 |
| diags. | | | 177,892 | | 707,414 |
| m | | | 0 | | 3,029,274 |
| | | - | 179,391 | | 1,109,854 |
| П | | - | 1,098,631 | | 36,248,107 |
| | P | | 219,618 393,012 | | 9,576,944 13,552,544 |
| | | | 603,569 0 | | 10,083,973 1,950,422 |
| | | | 0 | | 2,566,156 |
| | Topic and the | _ | 180,000 178,556 | | 180,000 178,556 |
| | | _ | 1,574,755 | _ | 38,088,595 |
| | | _ | (476,124) | ĸ. | (1,840,488) |
| | | | 892,331 | | 4,119,224 |
| | | | 0 | | (4,119,224) |
| البينا | | | 0 | | 119,419 |
| | | _ | 0 | _ | 275,874 |
| | | _ | 892,331 | _ | 395,293 |
| | | | 416,207 | | (1,445,195) |
| | | _ | 3,551,908 | _ | 39,106,150 |
| - | 5 | \$_ | 3,968,115 | \$_ | 37,660,955 |

City of Mountain Brook, Alabama Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities September 30, 2011

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | | \$ | (1,445,195) |
|---|--------------------------|-----|-------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | | | |
| Construction loan principal receipts charged to other operatin in the governmental funds and as a reduction in the note re in the statement of activities. | | | (97,343) |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. | | | |
| Expenditures for capital assets \$ Less current year depreciation | 9,646,113 (4,248,840) | _ | 5,397,273 |
| Net book value of assets disposed during the year. | | | (789,107) |
| Capital asset accrued in the government-wide statement of net assets. | | | 50,000 |
| The net effect of transactions involving net pension assets is to increase net assets. | | | 258,133 |
| The net effect of transactions involving net OPEB assets is to increase net assets. | | | 301,626 |
| Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. | | | 180,000 |
| Repayment of development fee obligation in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. | | | 844,938 |
| Some expenses reported in the government-wide statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | | |
| Change in long-term compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable | (130,491) 3,487 | | (127,004) |
| Change in net assets of governmental activities | | \$_ | 4,573,321 |

City of Mountain Brook, Alabama Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund September 30

| | | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|-----|-------------------|---------|
| ASSETS | - | | |
| Certificates of deposit, at fair value | \$_ | 613,573 \$ | 403,024 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 613,573 | 403,024 |
| | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | _ | 0 | 0 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 0 | 0 |
| NET ACCETS LIFE D IN TOLICE FOR | - | | |
| NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR | _ | | |
| OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS | \$_ | <u>613,573</u> \$ | 403,024 |

City of Mountain Brook, Alabama Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund Year Ended September 30

| | | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|-----|-------------------|---------|
| ADDITIONS | _ | | |
| Contributions | | | |
| Employer | \$ | 564,016 \$ | 522,671 |
| Plan members | | 124,616 | 151,601 |
| Investment earnings | _ | 10,549 | 6,704 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL ADDITIONS | _ | 699,181_ | 680,976 |
| | | | |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | |
| Benefits | | 483,632 | 473,272 |
| Administrative expense | _ | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS | _ | 488,632 | 474,272 |
| | | | |
| NET INCREASE | | 210,549 | 206,704 |
| | | | |
| Net assets held in trust for other post-employment | | | |
| benefits, beginning of year | _ | 403,024 | 196,320 |
| | | | |
| NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR OTHER | | | |
| POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, END OF YEAR | \$_ | <u>613,573</u> \$ | 403,024 |

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The City of Mountain Brook, Alabama (the City) was incorporated on March 24, 1942. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government organized to comply with the provisions of Title 11, Chapter 43, Sections 20-22 of the Code of Alabama 1975, as amended. The City Council is composed of five officials all of whom are elected at-large. The members of the City Council and Mayor hold office for four year terms. The terms of office for the elected officials are staggered (beginning in October 2004) with Council places 1, 3, and 5 coming up for election in even years and Council places 2 and 4 and the Mayor's office coming up for election in odd years. The next election is scheduled for August 28, 2012. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council as the executive officer to serve at the will and pleasure of that body. The Mayor and members of the City Council receive no salary or other compensation for their service to the City.

A. Accounting and reporting

The City of Mountain Brook, Alabama (the City) complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

B. Related organizations

The City is also responsible for appointing the Board of Trustees of the Mountain Brook Board of Education (the Board). However, the City has no control or influence in the presentation or adoption of the Board's annual operating budget; the City is not responsible for any budget deficits incurred by the Board; and the Board has the authority to issue debt securities which are neither secured by the City's revenues or obligations of the City. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Board are not presented in the accompanying financial statements because the City is not considered to be financially accountable for the Board.

During years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, the City reported the following revenues from the Board:

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|
| General Fund Proceeds from the sale of real property Athletic fields shared maintenance High school sewer treatment facility | \$ 0 84,874 | \$ 150,000 81,745 |
| maintenance Reimbursed services | 7,200 0 | 7,200 1,081 |
| Total | \$ 92,074 | \$ 240,026 |

Notes to Financial Statements

At September 30, 2011 and 2010, the City reported receivables from the Board in the amounts as follows (See Note 3):

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|
| General Fund Note receivable Athletic field shared maintenance | \$ 50,000 84,874 | \$ 100,000 81,745 |
| Total | \$ 134,874 | \$ 181,745 |

The City receives 36.7 mills of the 99.0 mill property tax (Note 1.Q.) from Jefferson County. From the 36.7 mills, the City transfers 10.6 mills to the Board. For financial reporting purposes, the City includes the net property tax of 26.1 mills in its General Fund revenues. At September 30, 2011 and 2010, the City owed the Board \$51,855 and \$47,761, respectively, for its share of property taxes which is included in other liabilities of the General Fund.

In 1998, the City agreed to serve as the fiscal agent for the third phase of the Board's improvements to the community athletic fields. The improvements totaling approximately \$1 million were financed through the issuance of Series 1998-A general obligation warrants. The athletic fields are maintained by the City's Parks and Recreation Department. The routine maintenance of the fields are shared by the City (1/3), the Board (1/3), two unaffiliated local athletic groups - Mountain Brook Athletics, Inc. (1/6), and Mountain Brook Soccer Club, Inc. (1/6).

In 2005, the City entered into a long-term lease agreement with the Mountain Brook Sports Park Foundation (MBSPF), a non-profit organization. Under the terms of the agreement, MBSPF was granted the right to use City land to be used primarily for community soccer fields. MBSPF paid for the construction of such fields from private donations and a \$500,000 loan from the City. The construction costs totaled \$1,952,936. In 2009, MBSPF constructed a restroom/concession stand at the complex which was financed from private donations, a contribution from the City in the amount of \$62,500, and a loan from the City in the amount of \$62,500. The outstanding loan balance of \$360,157 has been presented as a note receivable in the statement of net assets.

During the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, the City reported the following transactions in conjunction with the above joint ventures which are included in the General Fund in the accompanying financial statements:

Notes to Financial Statements

| | | 2011 | 2010 |
|--|-----|----------|--------------|
| Revenues | _ | | - |
| The Board | \$ | 41,425 | \$ 38,376 |
| Mountain Brook Athletics, Inc. | | 20,713 | 19,188 |
| Mountain Brook Soccer Club, Inc. | | 20,712 | 19,188 |
| Investment income | | 0 | 0 |
| Total revenues | - | 82,850 | 76,752 |
| Expenditures | | | |
| Recreational (operating and maintenance) | | 124,016 | 115,518 |
| Capital outlay (\$1,952,936 cumulative) | | Ô | , 0 |
| Total expenditures | - | 124,016 | 115,518 |
| | | | |
| Other financing sources (uses), net | | | |
| Transfers to City General Fund | | (18,819) | 52,859 |
| Donations | _ | 60,244_ | 48,000 |
| Net other financing sources | - | 41,425 | 100,859 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | |
| and other financing sources over expenditures and other assets | | 259 | 62,093 |
| Fund balance (deficit) at the beginning of the year | - | (259) | (62,352) |
| Fund balance (deficit) at | | | |
| the end of the year | \$_ | 0 | \$ (259) |

The City and School Board fulfilled their respective financial commitments in 2005. The general obligation warrants were repaid in 2008 with funds donated to the City for that purpose.

Another related organization is the Mountain Brook Library Foundation. The Foundation is a non-profit organization formed for the benefit of the Emmet O'Neal Library, a department of the City. Several of the Foundation's Board members are also members of The Emmet O'Neal Library Board. The Library Foundation has received contributions from residents which were utilized to construct, furnish, and equip the City's new library facilities. These facilities were contributed to the City of Mountain Brook during 2001, and are included in the accompanying financial statements.

The financial position and results of operations of the Foundation are reported as a component unit of the City in the accompanying government-wide financial statements. A copy of the Foundation's audited financial statements can be obtained from the Library.

Notes to Financial Statements

C. Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature.

Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

D. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary (the City had no proprietary funds at year end). An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least ten percent (10%) of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least five percent (5%) of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental funds

A. General Fund

The General Fund is the principal fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of city government which are not properly accounted for in another fund. All general operating revenues which are not restricted or designated as to their use by outside sources are recorded in the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

B. Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

C. Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund is used to account for financial resources related the City's debt service. In addition, the City is accumulating resources in the Debt Service Fund for future repayment of its unfunded pension obligation (see Note 6).

D. Capital Project Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and demonstrate compliance with legal and contractual provisions and to compile data related to financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major fixed assets other than those financed by special assessments.

Major and non-major funds

The General Fund and Capital Projects Fund are classified as major funds and are described above.

The Special Revenue Fund and Debt Service Fund are classified as non-major and are described above.

E. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of intrafund loans, if any.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party such as residents, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City ordinance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Notes to Financial Statements

| | | Capital | Other Governmenta | - |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Fund Balances | General | Projects | Funds | Total |
| Nonspendable | | | | |
| Prepaid expenses | 50,755 | 0 | 0 | 50,755 |
| Inventory | 59,611 | 0 | 0 | 59,611 |
| Total Nonspendable | 110,366 | 0 | 0 | 110,366 |
| Restricted: | | | | |
| Emergency | | | | |
| Communication | | | | |
| District (E-911) | 0 | 0 | 533,834 | 533,834 |
| State Gasoline Taxes: | | | ., - | |
| 5 Cent | 0 | 0 | 146,108 | 146,108 |
| 7 Cent | 0 | 0 | 157,260 | 157,260 |
| 4 Cent | 0 | 0 | 392,338 | 392,338 |
| 2 Cent | 0 | 0 | 19,532 | 19,532 |
| Corrections Fund | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Restricted | 0 | 0 | 1,249,072 | 1,249,072 |
| Committed: | | | | |
| Capital Projects | 0 | 23,719,731 | 0 | 23,719,731 |
| Library Endowment | 53,455 | 20,7 10,701 | 0 | 53,455 |
| Total Committed | 53,455 | 23,719,731 | 0 | 23,773,186 |
| | | | | |
| Assigned: | | | | |
| Unanticipated storm | 0.000.045 | • | • | 0.000.045 |
| debris removal | 2,002,845 | 0 | 0 | 2,002,845 |
| Debt Service Fund | 0 00 00 5 | 0 | 2,719,043 | 2,719,043 |
| Asset Forfeitures | 23,885 | 0 | 0 | 23,885 |
| Library Book Fund | 80,519 | 0 | 0 | 80,519 |
| Community Fund | 10,306 | 0 | 0 | 10,306 |
| Total Assigned | 2,117,555 | 0 | 2,719,043 | 4,836,598 |
| <u>Unassigned</u> | 7,691,733 | 0 | 0 | 7,691,733 |
| Total Fund Balances \$ | 9,973,109 | \$ 23,719,731 | \$ 3,968,115 | \$ 37,660,955 |

Notes to Financial Statements

F. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement focus

On the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of accounting

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

G. Encumbrances

In the Fund Financial Statements, the City does not utilize encumbrance accounting techniques which means that fund balances are not committed or assigned upon the issuance of purchase orders. Expenditures are recorded upon the impairment of an asset.

H. Worker's compensation

The City provides workers' compensation coverage to its employees as required by law. The City has elected to self-insure with respect to its workers' compensation claims risk and has contracted with a third-party administrator to provide claims management services. In order to limit its exposure to claims risk, the City has purchased excess loss

Notes to Financial Statements

insurance coverage. The excess loss insurance pays the remainder of statutory obligations over the first \$500,000 for specific claims and up to \$2,000,000 after the first \$1,504,439 in the aggregate during the two year policy term. Workers' compensation cost charged by the City during 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$597,000 and \$227,500, respectively. The accompanying financial statements include an estimated accrual of reported but unpaid workers' compensation claims as of September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010 in the amount of \$678,400 and 287,500, respectively.

I. Cash and temporary investments

Cash resources of various funds are combined to form a cash and investment pool. Interest from this pool is allocated monthly to each fund based on their respective month-end cash and investment balances. Restricted cash and temporary investments of \$140,760 represent temporary and permanently restricted funds donated to the Emmet O'Neal Library, a department of the City.

J. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at yearend and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes and road and bridge taxes.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include the receivables mentioned in the preceding paragraph and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available.

K. Equity classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- 1. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

Notes to Financial Statements

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified in accordance with section E. of this note.

L. Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debts to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

M. Compensated absences

Full-time City employees earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month of service and can accumulate up to sixty days of sick leave. Vacation leave is earned at graduated rates based on length of service (one day per month of service initially, one and one-half days per month of service after twelve years, and two days per month of service after twenty-five years). Employees are allowed to accumulate up to forty days of vacation leave (sixty for sworn police officers and firefighters).

A full-time employee may retire after twenty-five years of creditable service or after attaining sixty years of age with at least ten years of creditable service. A retiring employee or separating employee in good standing receives termination pay equivalent to their unused vacation pay not to exceed forty days. In addition, a retiring employee or separating employee in good standing with five years of service receives termination pay based on 50% of their accrued sick leave limited to thirty days pay.

The Government-wide Statement of Net Assets includes a non-current liability for compensated absences in the amount of \$2,517,945 as of September 30, 2011 and \$2,387,454 as of September 30, 2010. The City paid \$13,758 and \$-0- after September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, representing all vested compensated absences to employees who retired or otherwise ended their employment with the City prior to year end. Such amounts have been reported as current liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

N. Longevity pay plan

The City has a longevity pay plan which covers all full-time employees that have completed a minimum of six years of service as of September 30. Longevity pay for a qualifying employee is the product of the percentage factor (which is based on the number of years of completed services) and their annual rate of pay. The percentage factor is 1.5% after six years and increases 0.5% per year to a maximum rate of 8.5% which is attained after twenty years of service. The plan also limits the City's maximum annual longevity pay to a total of \$420,000. The City has adopted the informal policy of liquidating the liability for longevity pay in November of each year. The liability for

Notes to Financial Statements

longevity pay as of September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010 reported in the Government-Wide and Fund financial statements totaled \$409,888 and \$409,480, respectively.

O. Holiday pay

Holiday pay can be accumulated (principally police and fire personnel) up to 80 hours. Accumulations in excess of 80 hours are not permitted and such time is paid to employees as earned.

P. Pension expense

All full-time employees participate in the City's defined benefit pension plan. The City funds pension expense as actuarially determined and required by the plan (Note 6).

Q. Intrafund transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City incurs numerous transactions between funds to provide services, construct or acquire assets, service debt, etc. These transactions are generally reported as operating transfers except in instances where the transfer represents the reimbursement to a fund for expenditures incurred for the benefit of another fund. Following is a summary of the operating transfers between funds during the year ended September 30, 2011:

| | General | Capital Projects | Other Governmental Funds |
|---|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Operating transfers in (out): | | | |
| Capital transfer for the payment of current year | | | |
| asset acquisitions and the future replacement of | | | |
| capital assets \$ | (3,226,893) \$ | 3,226,893 | \$ 0 |
| Corrections fund transfer to fund operations | (133,775) | 0 | 133,775 |
| Debt service transfer for the accumulation of funds | | | |
| for the future repayment of City obligations | (300,000) | 0 | 300,000 |
| Debt service fund transfer for the repayment of General | | | |
| Obligation principal and interest | 0 | (358,556) | 358,556 |
| Gasoline tax fund transfer to supplement the annual | | | |
| street resurfacing program | (100,000) | 0_ | 100,000 |
| Operating transfers, net \$ | (3,760,668) \$ | 2,868,337 | \$ 892,331 |

Intrafund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets. The purpose of the intrafund receivable balance, if any, to non-major governmental funds from the General fund is for the reimbursement of operating expenditures paid from non-major governmental funds on behalf of the General fund.

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as intrafund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all intrafund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Notes to Financial Statements

R. Property taxes

All ad valorem real property taxes levied by municipalities in Jefferson County, Alabama are assessed by the Jefferson County Tax Assessor and collected by the Jefferson County Tax Collector. The Jefferson County Tax Assessor attaches taxes as enforceable liens on property as of September 30 and taxes become due October 1 through December 31. Property taxes not paid by January 1 are considered delinquent. Personal property taxes are also collected by the Jefferson County Tax Collector and are due throughout the year. After collecting property taxes, the Jefferson County Tax Collector remits the City's portion by check monthly. Taxes collected by the Jefferson County Tax Collector before the fiscal year end but remitted to the City after September 30 are accrued in the General Fund.

For years beginning October 1, 1996, assessed values are calculated by multiplying the market value by the following percentages:

| Residential owner occupant | 10% |
|----------------------------|-----|
| All other | 20% |

Millage distributions for real and personal property located within the City's corporate limits are as follows:

| Entity | Mills | Amount Per \$100 of Assessed Value |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| State of Alabama | 6.5 | \$0.65 |
| Jefferson County Commission | 13.5 | 1.35 |
| County-wide school tax | 8.2 | 0.82 |
| Mountain Brook Board of Education | 44.7 | 4.47 |
| City of Mountain Brook General Fund | <u>26.1</u> | <u>2.61</u> |
| | 99.0 | \$9.90 |

S. Major revenue sources and taxpayers

The City's primary sources of revenue include ad valorem taxes, sales and use taxes, and business licenses. Collectively, these taxes and licenses totaled approximately \$25.8 million or 82% of the total General Fund revenues during the year ended September 30, 2011. Of the City's taxpayers, Macy's Department Store, Alabama Power Company, Western Supermarket, Publix (grocery store), Whole Foods, Energen Corporation (gas company), Diamonds Direct, Piggly Wiggly grocery stores, and Marcus Cable (doing business as Charter Communications) collectively, provided approximately \$6.0 million or 19% of the City's total General Fund revenues during the year ended September 30, 2011.

T. Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for the governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

Governmental Funds -

By Character:

Current (further classified by function and includes

Capital Outlay)
Debt Service

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

U. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory items are valued at cost which approximates market. The cost of inventory is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

V. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the City's financial position and operations. Certain reclassifications have been made to previous year's presentation to conform with the current year presentation. Such reclassifications have had no net effects on the statements previously reported.

W. Fixed Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets with initial individual costs of more than \$1,000 (amounts not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets.

Prior to October 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have been valued at historical cost or estimated historical costs.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

| - | Buildings | 20-50 years |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| - | Improvements | 10-50 years |
| - | Machinery and Equipment | 3-20 years |
| - | Infrastructure | 5-75 years |

Fund financial statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as expenditures of the governmental function upon acquisition.

Notes to Financial Statements

X. Management estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, contingent liabilities and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Deposits and investments, interest rate risk, credit risk, and custodial risk At September 30, 2011, the City had the following cash and investments and maturities:

| | | Investment Maturities in Years | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|------|------------|-----|------------|-----|-----------|
| | | Fair | | Less | | | | |
| | | Value | | Than 1 | | 1 - 2 | | 3 - 5 |
| Cash on-hand | \$ | 2,960 | \$ | 2,960 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 |
| Bank deposits | | 7,917,505 | | 7,917,505 | | 0 | | 0 |
| Investments: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and money market | | | | | | | | |
| accounts | | 608,220 | | 608,220 | | 0 | | 0 |
| Certificates of deposit | | 28,880,935 | | 6,005,039 | | 14,960,107 | | 7,915,789 |
| U. S. Treasury bonds/notes | | 397 | | 0 | | 397 | | 0 |
| 576 shares VMC common | | | | | | | | |
| stock (donated) | _ | 15,876 | | 0 | | 0 | _ | 15,876 |
| Total portfolio | \$_ | 37,425,893 | _\$_ | 14,533,724 | \$_ | 14,960,504 | \$_ | 7,931,665 |

At September 30, 2011, the discretely presented component unit had the following cash and investments and maturities:

| | | Investment Maturities in Years | | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|----|-------|-------|---|
| | | Fair | | Less | | | | |
| | | Value | | Than 1 | | 1 - 2 | 3 - 5 | |
| Bank deposits | \$_ | 265,469 | \$ | 265,469 | \$ | 0 | \$ 0 | _ |
| Money market | | 251,974 | | 251,974 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Mutual funds | _ | 1,980,646 | . <u> </u> | 1,980,646 | | 0 | 0 | |
| | Total portfolio \$ | 2,498,089 | \$ | 2,498,089 | \$ | 0 | \$0 | |

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy restricts General Fund investments to those with maturities of two years or less and Capital Project and Debt Service Fund investments to those with maturities of five years or less. Cash and investment maturities (excluding the discretely presented component unit) as of September 30, 2011, were as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

| | Portion of |
|--------------------|------------|
| Maturity | Portfolio |
| Less than one year | 38.83% |
| 1 - 2 years | 39.97% |
| 3 - 5 years | 21.20% |
| | 100.00% |

Credit Risk. Act No. 2000-748 of the Code of Alabama requires that all public deposits held in banks be secured by collateral pledged to the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement (SAFE) collateral pool established in the Office of the State Treasurer. The City's policy is to deposit funds only in financial institutions that are qualified public depositories of the State of Alabama SAFE program. All of the City's bank deposits are either insured by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or collateralized in accordance with Act 2000-748. The City had no uninsured bank deposits at September 30, 2011. The discretely presented component unit had bank deposits in excess of insurance limits at September 30, 2011 in the amount of \$15,469.

The City's investment policy allows for up to 100% of the portfolio to be invested in direct obligations of the U.S. government or federal agencies thereof in accordance with Sec. 11-81-19 and 11-81-21 of the Code of Alabama. At September 30, 2011, the City had invested \$28.8 million in certificates of deposit and \$400 in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury. Of the City's \$28.8 million investment in certificates of deposit, the City had not invested more than \$250,000 with any financial institution located outside of the State of Alabama. Accordingly, the City had no uninsured certificates of deposit at September 30, 2011. Following is a summary of the City's top holdings in its cash and investment portfolio:

| | | Fair | Portion of |
|--|----|------------|------------|
| Description/Creditor | _ | Value | Portfolio |
| Regions Bank (cash deposit accounts) | \$ | 7,912,505 | 21.14% |
| Morgan Stanley (cash, deposits, money market funds) | | 608,220 | 1.63% |
| Various financial institutions - certificates of deposit | | 28,880,935 | 77.17% |
| | \$ | 37,401,660 | 99.94% |

The discretely presented component unit does not follow the investment policies of the City. Their policy allows for investments that may potentially produce the highest returns on capital. The following are the holdings in the discretely presented component unit's cash and investment portfolio:

Notes to Financial Statements

| | | Fair | Portion of |
|--|-------|-----------|------------|
| Description | CUSIP | Value | Portfolio |
| Bank demand deposit accounts | \$ | 265,469 | 10.63% |
| Prime Money Market Fund | | 251,974 | 10.09% |
| Chase Growth Fund (18,622.453 shares) | CHASX | 299,821 | 12.00% |
| Dodge & Cox International Stock (8,389.799 shares) | DODFX | 241,542 | 9.67% |
| Longleaf Partner Family Value Tr #133 (11,222.444 shares) | LLPFX | 278,766 | 11.16% |
| PIMCO All Asset Fund Institutional Class (38,085.973 shares) | PAAIX | 437,989 | 17.53% |
| PIMCO Low Duration Fund Institutional Class | | | |
| (29,710.450 shares) | PTLDX | 305,423 | 12.23% |
| Vanguard Convert Securities (35,895.411 shares) | VCVSX | 417,105 | 16.69% |
| | \$_ | 2,498,089 | 100.00% |

Custodial Risk. For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments in certificates of deposit and U. S. Treasury Notes are held in trust by the City's custodians in the name of the custodian. The discretely presented component unit's investments are held in book entry form and in trust by its custodian in the name of the custodian.

3. Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2011, consisted of the following:

| | | General Fund | | Capital Projects | G | Other overnmental Funds | | Total |
|--------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|---------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----------|
| Taxes | \$ | 1,650,855 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 37,156 | \$ | 1,688,011 |
| E-911 surcharge | | 0 | | 0 | | 33,410 | | 33,410 |
| Board of Education | | 84,874 | | 0 | | 0 | | 84,874 |
| Grants | | 225,331 | | 650,942 | | 0 | | 876,273 |
| Other | _ | 95,759 | - | 0 | . <u> </u> | 0 | _ | 95,759 |
| | \$_ | 2,056,819 | \$_ | 650,942 | \$ | 70,566 | \$_ | 2,778,327 |

The City loaned the Mountain Brook Sports Park Foundation (MBSPF), a nonprofit organization established to raise funds for the exclusive benefit of Mountain Brook Soccer Club, \$500,000 for their initial (2005) construction of athletic playing fields and \$62,500 for their (2009) construction of a concession/restroom facility at the fields (Note 1.B.). The terms of the loan were renegotiated in May 2011. The loan is to be repaid in sixty (60) monthly installments of \$7,061 including interest at 4% beginning in June 2011. The outstanding balance reported in the statement of net assets at September 30, 2011 totaled \$360,157 of which \$71,629 is expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year once the repayment terms are renegotiated. The City collected \$12,901 in interest during 2011.

Notes to Financial Statements

4. Capital assets

Following is a summary of the changes in the City's capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2011:

| | Balance at September 30, 2010 | Additions | Disposals/ Retirements/ Completed | Balance at September 30, 2011 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Capital assets, | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 18,481,042 \$ | 216,963 \$ | | \$ 18,698,005 |
| Construction in progress | 9,894,114 | 7,907,641 | (10,739,045) | 7,062,710 |
| Total capital assets, | | | | |
| not being depreciated | 28,375,156 | 8,124,604 | (10,739,045) | 25,760,715 |
| Capital assets, | | | | |
| being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 3,003,891 | 43,659 | (7,670) | 3,039,880 |
| Buildings and improvements | 10,381,720 | 41,967 | 40,982 | 10,464,669 |
| Machinery and equipment | 18,500,023 | 742,039 | (434,033) | 18,808,029 |
| Infrastructure | 45,229,213 | 743,844 | 8,042,789 | 54,015,846 |
| Total capital assets, | | | | |
| being depreciated | 77,114,847 | 1,571,509 | 7,642,068 | 86,328,424 |
| Less accumulated | | | | |
| depreciated for: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 301,958 | 31,871 | (5,810) | 328,019 |
| Buildings and improvements | 3,789,899 | 361,219 | (1,486,133) | 2,664,985 |
| Machinery and equipment | 12,068,992 | 1,629,336 | (428,061) | 13,270,267 |
| Infrastructure | 26,500,516 | 2,226,414 | (387,866) | 28,339,064 |
| Total accumulated | | | _ | _ |
| depreciation | 42,661,365 | 4,248,840 | (2,307,870) | 44,602,335 |
| Total capital assets, being | | | | |
| depreciated, net | 34,453,482 | (2,677,331) | 9,949,938 | 41,726,089 |
| Governmental activities | | , , , , | | |
| capital assets, net | \$ <u>62,828,638</u> \$ | 5,447,273 \$ | <u>(789,107)</u> \$ | 67,486,804 |
| | | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

| General government | \$ | 55,158 |
|-----------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Public safety | | 1,056,007 |
| Street and sanitation | | 1,833,978 |
| Recreational | | 563,431 |
| Library | _ | 740,266 |
| | - | |

Total depreciation expense \$_4,248,840

5. Long-term debt

Long-term debt outstanding as of September 30, 2011, consisted of the following:

| | _ | Balance |
|--|----|-----------|
| \$5,000,000 General Obligation Warrants, Series 2007 dated October 1, 2007 maturing annually on October 1 through the year | | |
| 2027 plus interest payable on April 1 and October 1 at rates ranging from 3.875% to 4.0% (Note 9) | \$ | 4,475,000 |
| Total | \$ | 4,475,000 |

The total interest paid by the City during 2011 relative to general obligation warrants was \$177,769. The current debt of the City supports the general government function and, as such, all interest expense has been charged to this function in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities. The total amount of interest charged to expense of the general government function for the year ended September 30, 2011 was \$174,281.

Following is a summary of long-term debt principal transactions for the year ended September 30, 2011:

| | | Balance |
|---|------|-----------|
| General obligation warrant balances at October 1, 2010 | \$ - | 4,655,000 |
| Principal payments: \$5,000,000 General Obligation Warrants, Series 2007 | - | (180,000) |
| General obligation warrant balances at September 30, 2011 | \$_ | 4,475,000 |

The future principal and interest maturities on the general obligation warrants by fiscal year are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

| Fiscal Year | | Principal | | Interest | | Total |
|-------------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------|
| 2012 | \$ | 190,000 | \$ | 170,600 | \$ | 360,600 |
| 2013 | | 195,000 | | 163,141 | | 358,141 |
| 2014 | | 205,000 | | 155,391 | | 360,391 |
| 2015 | | 210,000 | | 147,350 | | 357,350 |
| 2016 | | 220,000 | | 139,019 | | 359,019 |
| Thereafter | _ | 3,455,000 | | 877,147 | | 4,332,147 |
| Totals | \$_ | 4,475,000 | \$_ | 1,652,648 | \$_ | 6,127,648 |

6. Pension plan

A. Plan description

The City contributes to the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for various state agencies, departments, and municipalities.

Substantially all employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama (RSA). Membership is mandatory for covered or eligible employees of the City. Benefits vest after 10 years of creditable service. Vested employees may retire with full benefits at age 60 or after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits are calculated by two methods with the retiree receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. The methods are (1) Minimum Guaranteed, and (2) Formula, of which the Formula method usually produces the highest monthly benefit. Under this method, retirees are allowed 2.0125% of their average final salary (highest three of the last ten years) for each year of service. Disability retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner. Pre-retirement death benefits in the amount of the annual salary for the fiscal year preceding death is provided to plan members with more than one year of creditable service or \$5,000 for those with less than one year of service.

The Employees' Retirement System was established as of October 1, 1945, under the provisions of Act 515, Acts of Alabama 1945, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for State employees, State police, and on an elective basis to all cities, counties, towns, and quasi-public organizations. The responsibility for general administration and operation of the Employees' Retirement System is vested in the Board of Control. Benefit provisions are established by the Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 36-27-1 through 36-27-103, as amended, Sections 36-27-120 through 36-27-139, as amended, and Sections 36-27B-1 through Sections 36-27B-6. Authority to amend the plan rests with the Legislature of Alabama. However, the Legislature has granted the member agencies the authority to accept or reject various Cost-Of-Living-Adjustments (COLAs) granted to retirees.

The Retirement Systems of Alabama issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama. That report may be obtained by writing to The Retirement Systems of Alabama, 135 South Union Street, Montgomery, Alabama 36130-2150.

Notes to Financial Statements

B. Funding

The RSA requires that covered employees contribute to the pension plan at the rate of 5% of compensation (6% for sworn police officers and firefighters). In addition, the RSA requires that the City remit monthly matching contributions to the pension plan. The City's matching contributions are actuarially determined annually and stated as a percentage of covered compensation. The City's actuarially determined matching contribution for the year ended September 30, 2011 was 9.96% of covered compensation.

For the year ended September 30, 2011, the City's total compensation was approximately \$13.6 million and the City's total covered compensation used to determine the City's pension contribution was approximately \$13.3 million. The City's policy is to fund the required contribution as actuarially determined by the RSA and stated as a percentage of eligible compensation; however, during 2008, 2007 and 2001, the City elected to contribute \$300,000, \$7 million and \$2 million, respectively, more than the actuarially determined required amount.

Following are the pension contributions for each fiscal year since January 1, 1995:

| | Year Ended | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------------|----|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| | September | Employer | | | | |
| _ | 30 | Contribution | _ | Employer | Employee | Combined |
| | 1995* | 5.48% | \$ | 254,000 | \$ 232,000 | \$ 486,000 |
| | 1996 | 5.48% | | 368,000 | 336,000 | 704,000 |
| | 1997 | 6.70% | | 515,000 | 390,000 | 905,000 |
| | 1998 | 8.25% | | 624,000 | 390,000 | 1,014,000 |
| | 1999 | 9.45% | | 729,000 | 394,000 | 1,123,000 |
| | 2000 | 9.45% | | 828,000 | 447,000 | 1,275,000 |
| | 2001 | 9.45% | | 2,853,000 | 509,000 | 3,362,000 |
| | 2002 | 9.45% | | 898,000 | 537,000 | 1,435,000 |
| | 2003 | 8.31% | | 818,000 | 556,000 | 1,374,000 |
| | 2004 | 9.83% | | 996,000 | 583,000 | 1,579,000 |
| | 2005 | 10.90% | | 1,168,000 | 613,000 | 1,781,000 |
| | 2006 | 10.90% | | 1,209,000 | 640,000 | 1,849,000 |
| | 2007 | 11.51% | | 8,303,000 | 665,000 | 8,968,000 |
| | 2008 | 7.98% | | 1,308,000 | 697,000 | 2,005,000 |
| | 2009 | 9.06% | | 1,140,000 | 719,000 | 1,859,000 |
| | 2010 | 8.84% | | 1,091,000 | 723,000 | 1,814,000 |
| | 2011 | 9.96% | | 1,357,000 | 808,000 | 2,165,000 |
| | | | | | | |

^{*} Nine month period from January 1, 1995 through September 30, 1995.

Notes to Financial Statements

C. Trend information

Following is the trend information from the most recent actuarial valuation dated September 30, 2010:

| Fiscal Year Ended | Annual Pension Cost (APC) | Percentage of APC Contributed | Net Pension Obligation (Negative) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1999 | \$ 730,197 | 100% | \$ 0 |
| 2000 | 827,411 | 100% | 0 |
| 2001 | 858,468 | 290% | (2,000,000) |
| 2002 | 881,673 | 117% | (2,150,178) |
| 2003 | 812,825 | 103% | (2,172,874) |
| 2004 | 972,887 | 102% | (2,195,810) |
| 2005 | 1,156,963 | 100% | (2,196,231) |
| 2006 | 1,210,300 | 100% | (9,196,651) |
| 2007 | 1,221,176 | 100% | (9,294,170) |
| 2008 | 911,587 | 147% | (9,681,799) |
| 2009 | 1,023,066 | 109% | (9,784,928) |
| 2010 | 830,796 | 132% | (10,043,061) |

D. Funding progress

Following is the schedule of funding progress obtained from most recent actuarial valuation prepared as of September 30, 2010:

| Actuarial Valuation Date Sept. 30 | Actuarial Value of Assets (a) | - | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) -Entry age (b) | Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a) | Funded Ratio (a/b) | Covered Payroll (c) | Ratio of UAAL to Covered Payroll (b-a)/c) |
|--|--|----|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 1996 | \$ 11,432,073 | \$ | 15,123,539 | \$ 3,691,466 | 75.6% | \$ 7,197,023 | 51.3% |
| 1997 | 14,482,615 | | 18,815,172 | 4,332,557 | 77.0% | 7,745,713 | 55.9% |
| 1998 | 16,250,881 | | 20,474,800 | 4,223,919 | 79.4% | 7,901,352 | 53.5% |
| 1999 | 18,366,682 | | 21,750,075 | 3,383,393 | 84.4% | 7,965,312 | 42.5% |
| 2000 | 20,708,080 | | 25,584,241 | 4,876,161 | 80.9% | 8,980,574 | 54.3% |
| 2001 | 24,842,909 | | 29,636,890 | 4,793,981 | 83.8% | 9,282,996 | 51.6% |
| 2002 | 26,589,001 | | 33,716,032 | 7,127,031 | 78.9% | 9,935,345 | 71.7% |
| 2003 | 28,153,151 | | 36,592,800 | 8,439,649 | 76.9% | 9,994,458 | 84.4% |
| 2004 | 29,873,086 | | 37,849,401 | 7,976,315 | 78.9% | 10,343,086 | 77.1% |
| 2005 | 31,850,510 | | 43,304,015 | 11,453,505 | 73.6% | 11,079,436 | 103.4% |
| 2006 | 40,804,372 | | 47,811,288 | 7,006,916 | 85.3% | 11,575,036 | 60.5% |
| 2007 | 43,522,954 | | 50,487,356 | 6,964,402 | 86.2% | 12,117,551 | 57.5% |
| 2008 | 44,857,398 | | 53,591,533 | 8,734,135 | 83.7% | 12,527,394 | 69.7% |
| 2009 | 44,476,775 | | 57,488,111 | 13,011,336 | 77.4% | 12,980,770 | 100.2% |
| 2010 | 43,435,390 | | 60,671,273 | 17,235,883 | 71.6% | 12,830,545 | 134.3% |
| | | | | | | | |

Notes to Financial Statements

E. Additional information

Following is additional information obtained from the most recent actuarial valuation:

| Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period | September 30, 2010 Entry age Level percent open 30 years |
|--|---|
| Asset valuation method | 5-year smoothed market |
| Actuarial assumptions: | , |
| Investment rate of return | 8.00% |
| Projected salary increases | 4.61 – 7.75% |
| Includes inflation at | 4.50% |
| Cost-of-living adjustments | None |
| Number of active members | 217 |
| Number of retired members and beneficiaries | 78 |
| Annual retirement allowances | \$2,821,352 |

7. Post-employment benefits

Plan Description. The City of Mountain Brook's medical benefits are provided to employees upon their retirement through participation in the Local Government Health Insurance Plan (LGHIP) administered by the State Employees' Insurance Board (SEIB).

The employer pays a portion of the medical coverage for the retirees and dependents for a maximum of thirteen years after retirement or, if earlier, until the attainment of Medicare eligibility. Eligibility for post-retirement coverage is as follows: completion of 30 years of service at any age or 15 years of service at age 60. Periodically, eligibility is extended to employees at 20 years of service and any age or at age 60 and completion of 10 years of service. See the section below entitled "Expected Time of Commencement of Benefits" for the assumption as to time of actual retirement. Complete plan provisions are contained in the official plan documents.

Contribution Rates. Employees do not contribute to their post-employment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The plan provisions and contribution rates are contained in the official plan documents.

Fund Policy. Until fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, the City of Mountain Brook recognized the cost of providing post-employment medical benefits (the City of Mountain Brook's portion of the retiree medical benefit premiums) as an expense when the benefit premiums were due and thus financed the cost of the post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Effective with the Fiscal Year beginning October 1, 2006, the City of Mountain Brook implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 45). In fiscal year ending September 30, 2009, the City began funding the annual required contribution (ARC) by making additional contributions over and above of the current year's retiree funding costs.

In the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, the City of Mountain Brook's portion of health care and dental funding cost for retired employees totaled \$364,016. These amounts were

Notes to Financial Statements

applied toward the Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Obligation (OPEB) as shown in the table below.

Annual Required Contribution. The City of Mountain Brook's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is the sum of the Normal Cost plus the contribution to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL). A level dollar, open amortization period of 30 years (the maximum amortization period allowed by GASB 43/45) has been used for the post-employment benefits. The total ARC for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2010 is \$255,868, as set forth below:

| | Medical |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Normal Cost | \$ 98,471 |
| 30-year UAL amortization amount | 157,397 |
| | |
| Annual required contribution (ARC) | \$ 255,868 |

Net Post-employment Benefit Obligation (Asset). The table below shows the City of Mountain Brook's Net Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation (Asset) for fiscal year ending September 30, 2011:

| | _ | Medical |
|---|------|-----------|
| Beginning Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) 10/1/2010 | \$ | (365,777) |
| Annual required contribution | | 255,868 |
| 3. Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (Asset): [1] X 4% | | (14,631) |
| 4. ARC Adjustment: [1]/17.292 | | (21,153) |
| 5. OPEB Cost: [2] + [3] - [4] | _ | 262,390 |
| 6. Contribution | | 200,000 |
| 7. Current year retiree premium | | 364,016 |
| 8. Change in Net OPEB Obligation: [5] - [6] - [7] | _ | (301,626) |
| 9. Ending Net OPEB Obligation: (Asset) 9/30/2011: [1] + [8] | \$ _ | (667,403) |

The following table shows the City of Mountain Brook's annual post-employment benefits (PEB) cost, percentage of the cost contributed, and the net unfunded post-employment benefits (PEB) liability (asset):

| | | | Percentage | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Post Employment | Figure Very Fundent | Annual | of Annual Cost | Net OPEB Obligation |
| Benefit | Fiscal Year Ended | OPEB Cost | Contributed | (Asset) |
| Medical/Dental | September 30, 2011 | \$262,390 | 214.95% | \$(667,403) |
| Medical/Dental | September 30, 2010 | 287,773 | 182.03% | (365,777) |
| Medical/Dental | September 30, 2009 | 241,244 | 117.00% | (129,706) |

Funded Status and Funding Progress. In each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 2011 and 2010, the City of Mountain Brook contributed \$200,000 to its post-employment benefits plan over and above the retiree premium costs. The plan, with accrued interest and

Notes to Financial Statements

unrealized gains/losses, thus had assets of \$613,573 and \$403,024 as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) as of September 30, 2011, the end of the fiscal year, was \$3,249,729, which is defined as that portion, as determined by a particular actuarial cost method (the City of Mountain Brook uses the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method), of the actuarial present value of post-employment plan benefits and expenses which is not provided by normal cost. The development of the funded ratio and UAAL as a percentage of valuation payroll as of September 30, 2011 are set forth in the table below:

| | Medical |
|--|------------|
| Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ | 3,249,729 |
| Actuarial Value of Plan Assets | 613,573 |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) | 2,636,156 |
| | |
| Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Assets/AAL) | 18.88% |
| | |
| Covered Payroll (active plan members) | 13,591,314 |
| | |
| UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll | 19.40% |

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The actuarial valuation for post-employment benefits includes estimates and assumptions regarding (1) turnover rate; (2) retirement rate; (3) health care cost trend rate; (4) mortality rate; (5) discount rate (investment return assumption); and (6) the period to which the costs apply (past, current, or future years of service by employees). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the City of Mountain Brook and its employee plan members) at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the City of Mountain Brook and its plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the City of Mountain Brook and plan members in the future. Consistent with the long-term perspective of actuarial calculations, the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Actuarial Cost Method. The ARC is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method. The employer portion of the cost for retiree medical care in each future year is determined by projecting the current cost levels using the healthcare cost trend rate and discounting this projected amount to the valuation date using the other described pertinent actuarial assumptions, including the investment return assumption (discount rate), mortality, and turnover.

Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial Value of Plan Assets. Because of the nature of the investments in the trust, we have used actual market value as the actuarial value of assets. It is anticipated that in future valuations, should more volatile investments be used, a smoothed market value consistent with Actuarial Standards Board Actuarial Standards of Practice Number 6 (ASOP 6), as provided in paragraph number 125 of GASB Statement 45 would be used.

Turnover Rate. An age-related turnover scale based on actual experience as described by administrative staff has been used. The rates, when applied to the active employee census, produce an annual turnover of approximately 10%. The rates for each age are below:

| Age | Percent Turnover |
|---------|------------------|
| 18 - 25 | 15.0% |
| 26 - 40 | 12.0% |
| 41 - 54 | 10.0% |
| 55+ | 7.5% |

Post-employment Benefit Plan Eligibility Requirements. It has been assumed that entitlement to benefits will commence three years after the earliest eligibility for retirement. Because of the variations in eligibility described under "Plan Terms" above, eligibility for retirement has been assumed to be the earlier of: (1), attainment of age 60 with at least fifteen (15) years of service, and (2), completion of thirty (30) years of service at any age. Entitlement to benefits ceases upon the earlier of thirteen years after retirement and the date the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare benefits (whether by age or disability).

Investment Return Assumption (Discount Rate). GASB Statement 45 states that the investment return assumption should be the estimated long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits. Since the ARC is currently being funded and invested with relatively conservative investments, we have performed this valuation using a 4% annual investment return assumption.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate. The expected rate of increase in medical cost is based on projections performed by the Office of the Actuary at the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services as published in National Health Care Expenditures Projections: 2003 to 2013, Table 3: National Health Expenditures, Aggregate and per Capita Amounts, Percent Distribution and Average Annual Percent Change by Source of Funds: Selected Calendar Years 1990-2013, released in January, 2004 by the Health Care Financing Administration (www.cms.hhs.gov). "State and Local" rates for 2008 through 2013 from this report were used, with rates beyond 2013 graduated down to an ultimate annual rate of 5.0% for 2016 and later.

Mortality Rate. The 1994 Group Annuity Reserving (94GAR) table, projected to 2002, based on a fixed blend of 50% of the unloaded male mortality rate and 50% of the unloaded female mortality rates, was used. This is a published mortality table which was designed to be used in determining the value of accrued benefits in defined benefit pension plans.

Method of Determining Value of Benefits. The "value of benefits" has been assumed to be the portion of the premium after retirement date expected to be paid by the employer for

Notes to Financial Statements

each retiree and has been used as the basis for calculating the actuarial present value of OPEB benefits to be paid. We have used the "unblended" rates provided as required by GASB 45 for valuation purposes.

8. Commitments and contingencies

The City is charged by the Jefferson County Commission for shared services. The assessments for shared services charged to the City during 2011 were as follows:

| | Amount |
|---|---------------|
| Property tax commissions | \$ 193,913 |
| Maintenance of maps and appraisals | 159,999 |
| Jefferson County Health Department | 130,482 |
| Birmingham-Jefferson County Transit Authority | 75,490 |
| Personnel Board of Jefferson County | 150,652 |
| Birmingham Regional Planning Commission | 12.465 |

With the exception of the Personnel Board and Planning Commission costs, the above expenses are deducted from the ad valorem property taxes remitted by the Jefferson County Tax collector (Note 1.Q.) to the City of Mountain Brook. For financial reporting purposes, the City grosses-up the General Fund ad valorem tax revenues and general government expenditures by these amounts.

The City has arranged for an independent contractor, Waste Management Company, Inc., to provide for the collection and disposal of refuse and recyclable materials. The base rates for this service for the year ended September 30, 2011, were \$28.84 per month for single and multiple family residential units and \$35.87 per month for commercial units. The annual cost incurred under this agreement for the year ended September 30, 2011, was approximately \$2,602,500. Total garbage service fee revenues collected by the City from its commercial customers during the year were approximately \$32,436.

During 1999, the City entered into an agreement whereby the City, along with the City of Homewood, and Jefferson County (collectively referred to as "the Consortium") purchased approximately 16.6 acres of land and the buildings thereon from the Jefferson County Board of Education at a total cost of \$4,884,000. The City's share of the total purchase price totaled approximately \$1,050,000. In conjunction with the purchase, the consortium adopted covenants that expire at the end of seventy-five (75) years restricting the use of the property for programs and activities to benefit the community including, but not limited to: 1) public parks, playgrounds, or zoo; 2) schools, daycare, churches, or philanthropic organizations; 3) government buildings, libraries, community centers, museums, or art galleries; or 4) headquarters for scouting organizations or youth facilities.

In connection with the Consortium's purchase of the property and adoption of restrictive covenants, the City of Birmingham (Birmingham) agreed to lease the adjoining zoo property to Birmingham Zoo, Inc. (BZI), a newly formed non-profit private corporation, for a period twenty-five (25) years with two, twenty-five year renewal options. In consideration of Birmingham's agreement to subsidize the operations of BZI and its commitment to leave the zoo at its present location, the Consortium agreed to pay Birmingham annual installments of \$300,000 commencing in fiscal 1999 for a period of 9-1/2 years. The City fulfilled its

Notes to Financial Statements

financial commitment under the purchase agreement in 2008. In 2010, the City entered into a service agreement with Birmingham Zoo, Inc. that provides for annual consideration in the amount of \$75,000 through June 2012.

In 2005, the City entered into a development agreement with a real estate developer constructing a mixed use development in the City. The development agreement provides that the City will reimburse the developer for certain costs incurred for the construction of public infrastructure including a roadway relocation and improvements, construction of an acceleration lane, sidewalks, curbing, and drainage systems. The reimbursement is limited to \$4.9 million regardless of the actual costs incurred by the developer and payable solely from a portion (50%) of the sales tax receipts realized by the City from the commercial development. Any portion of the \$4.9 million development agreement obligation not repaid after fifteen (15) years shall be cancelled.

The cumulative infrastructure costs incurred was \$5,332,981 which has been capitalized. As of September 30, 2011, the City's obligation under the terms of the development agreement totaled \$2,034,017 of which \$840,000 is reported as a current liability in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. During 2011, the City paid \$844,938 under the terms of the development agreement.

The City has entered into another development agreement with a real estate developer constructing a small shopping center whose principal tenant is a grocery store. Under the terms of the development agreement, the City agreed to pay the developer the sum of \$687,500 for the purpose of promoting economic development within the City as provided by Amendment No. 772 adopted by the Alabama Legislature. In addition, the City agreed to abate the City's portion of property taxes for a period of fifteen (15) years provided the annual retail sales equal or exceed \$5 million. The City's \$687,500 commitment will be paid from 50% of the sales tax generated by the stores in the development. During 2011, the City paid \$137,419 under the terms of the agreement. The remaining balance due for the development agreement as of September 30, 2011 was approximately \$102,200.

Construction in progress (Note 4) at September 30, 2011 includes the following projects:

| Public buildings Sidewalks | \$ ⁻ | 6,549,062 513,648 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Total | \$_ | 7,062,710 |

The public buildings include the razing and reconstruction of a new municipal complex and the construction of a new Park and Recreation building. The municipal complex is estimated to cost \$16.3 million. The City has entered into numerous contracts with its architects, construction manager, landlords, building contractor, and others for design, construction and oversight, temporary space, and other aspects of the project. The new municipal complex is expected to be completed in the winter of 2012.

Notes to Financial Statements

The City has executed a contract with the Alabama Department of Transportation (ALDOT) for Phase 6 of the Mountain Brook Village Walkway System. The project is being administered by ALDOT. The contract amount totals \$1,988,750 of which \$1,591,000 will be paid by a federal award. In addition to the construction contract, the City has entered into other contracts for engineering and inspection services totaling \$245,000. The sidewalk project is scheduled for completion in November 2011.

9. Constitutional debt limit

Section 225, as amended, of the Constitution of the State of Alabama limits for municipalities with populations of 6,000 or more to 20 percent of the assessed value of taxable property. Excluded from this limitation are bonds issued for the construction of schools, waterworks, sewers, and assessed improvements.

Following are the constitution debt limit and legal debt margin:

| | Amount |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Assessed value of taxable real and personal property as provided by the Jefferson County Tax Assessor | \$ 536,266,781 |
| Constitutional debt limit, 20 percent of assessed value Outstanding long-term debt as of September 30, 2011 | \$ 107,253,356 4,475,000 |
| Legal Debt Margin | \$ 102,778,356 |

10. Litigation

Several claims, suits, and complaints, common to municipalities, have been filed or are pending against the City. In the opinion of management and the City's attorney, all such matters are without merit or involve such amounts as would not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial statements.

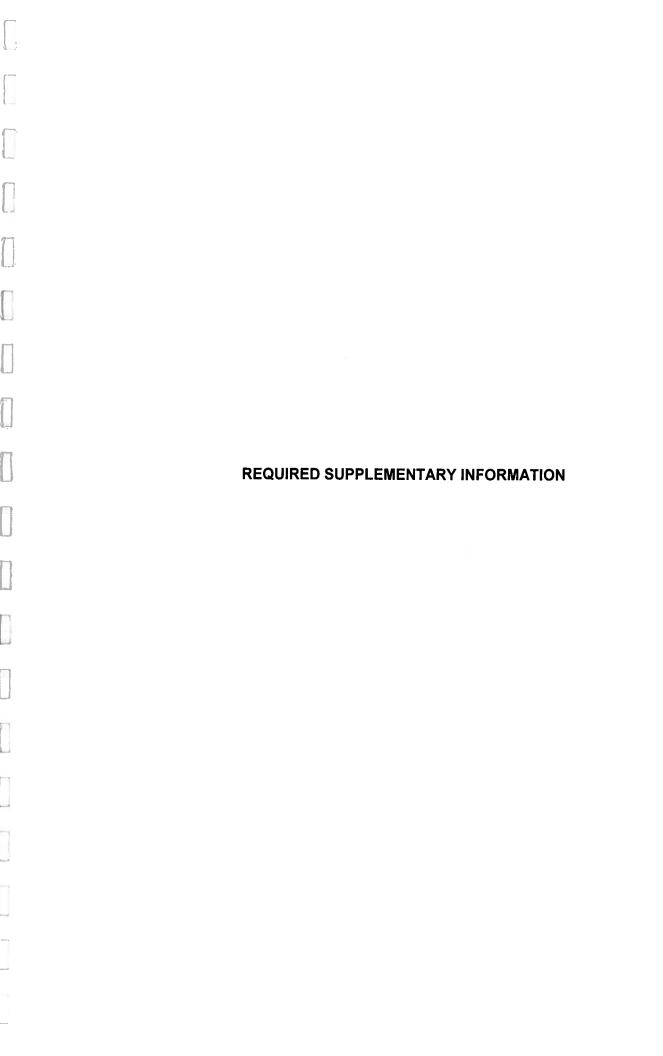
11. Prior period adjustments

In prior years, the City paid amounts above the annual required contribution for both its defined benefit pension plan (Note 6) and its other post-employment benefits (Note 7). These additional payments created 1) a net pension benefit asset in the amount of \$9,681,799 as of September 30, 2009 and 2) a net other-post-employment benefit asset in the amount of \$129,706 as of September 30, 2009 in the accompanying Government-wide financial statements. The City originally reported these additional payments as expenses in its Government-wide financial statements. These misstatements resulted in an understatement of net assets and an overstatement of expenses in the prior years on the Government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

To correct these misstatements, beginning net assets and 2010 general governmental expenditures have been adjusted as follows:

| Government-wide Financial Statements | | Net Assets Originally Reported | | Prior Period Adjustments | | Net Assets as Restated |
|---|-----|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| September 30, 2009 | \$ | 86,071,960 | \$ | | \$ | 86,071,960 |
| Record net pension asset | | | | 9,681,799 | | 9,681,799 |
| Record net OPEB asset | - | | - | 129,706 | | 129,706 |
| September 30, 2009 | | 86,071,960 | | 9,811,505 | | 95,883,465 |
| Change in net assets originally reported for the year ended September 30, 2010 | | 6,308,291 | | | | 6,308,291 |
| Record the increase in the assets for the year ended September 30, 2010 (reported as a reduction to the General Government expenditures): | | | | | | |
| Net pension asset | | | | 103,129 | | 103,129 |
| Net OPEB asset | _ | | | 236,071 | _ | 236,071 |
| Net increase in the net assets for the year | _ | 6,308,291 | _ | 339,200 | . <u>-</u> | 6,647,491 |
| September 30, 2010 | \$_ | 92,380,251 | \$_ | 9,472,305 | \$_ | 102,530,956 |



City of Mountain Brook, Alabama Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2011

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------|--|
| | | | | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| | 25,403,964 | \$ 25,922,964 | | • | |
| Licenses and permits | 3,154,383 | 3,427,383 | 3,540,269 | 112,886 | |
| Intergovernmental | 44,700 | 86,902 | 84,874 | (2,028) | |
| Charges for services | 563,300 | 625,502 | 652,152 | 26,650 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 472,700 | 472,700 | 529,522 | 56,822 | |
| Grants | 12,380 | 12,380 | 282,423 | 270,043 | |
| Other operating revenues | 509,325 | 465,325 | 432,363 | (32,962) | |
| Total revenues | 30,160,752 | 31,013,156 | 31,904,525 | 891,369 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| General government | 4,915,475 | 5,077,975 | 4,868,781 | 209,194 | |
| Public safety | 12,473,300 | 12,424,300 | 12,615,874 | (191,574) | |
| Street and sanitation | 5,826,960 | 6,371,880 | 6,036,984 | 334,896 | |
| Recreational | 1,084,496 | 1,232,601 | 1,195,140 | 37,461 | |
| Library | 2,506,626 | 2,506,626 | 2,566,156 | (59,530) | |
| Total expenditures | 26,806,857 | 27,613,382 | 27,282,935 | 330,447 | |
| Excess of revenues | | | | | |
| over expenditures | 3,353,895 | 3,399,774 | 4,621,590 | 1,221,816 | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | |
| Operating transfers (out) | (3,027,637) | (2,974,351) | (3,760,668) | (786,317) | |
| Operating transfers in - component unit | 43,000 | 43,000 | 119,419 | 76,419 | |
| Donations | 24,250 | 72,250 | 68,070 | (4,180) | |
| Total other financing (uses) | (2,960,387) | (2,859,101) | (3,573,179) | (714,078) | |
| Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures | | | | | |
| and other financing uses | 393,508 | 540,673 | 1,048,411 | 507,738 | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | 8,880,937 | 8,924,698 | 8,924,698 | 0 | |
| FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR \$ | 9,274,445 | \$_9,465,371_ | \$ <u>9,973,109</u> | \$507,738_ | |

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

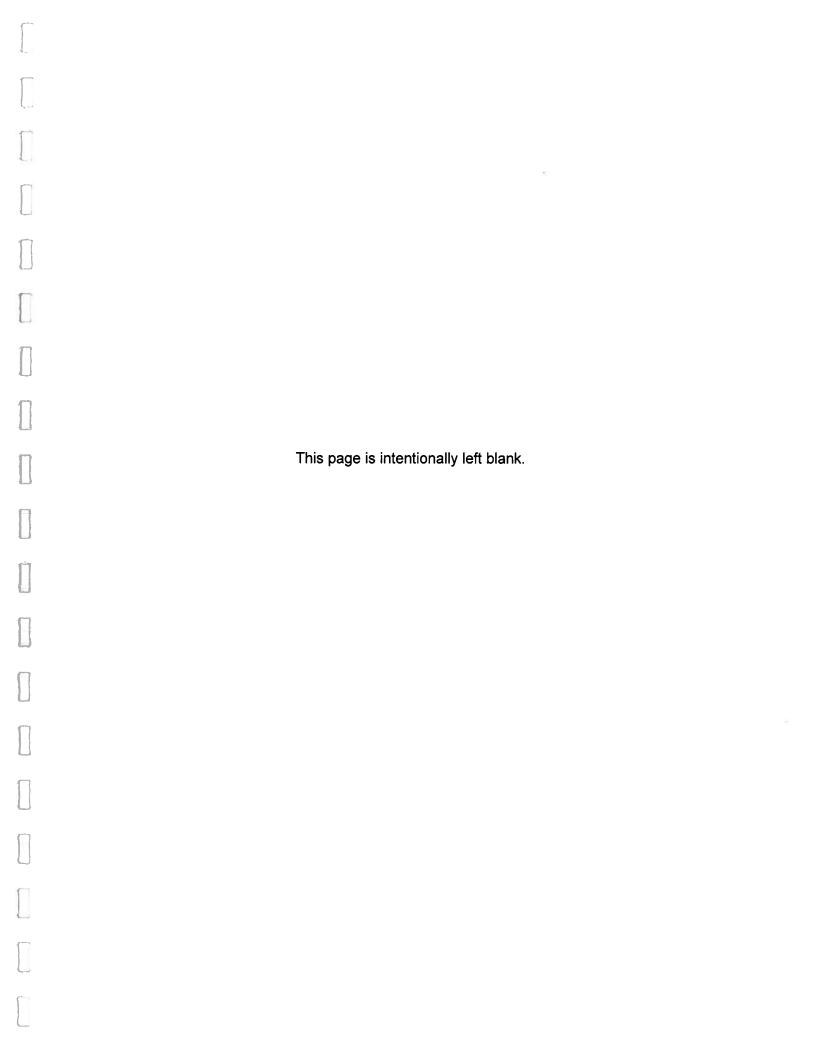
A. <u>Budgets and budgetary accounting</u>

The City has adopted and adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing those expenditures.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or transfer of funds between departments must be approved by the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds.
- 6. At the end of the year, unencumbered appropriations automatically lapse.

Budget information presented in the financial statements is based on the budget as adopted by the City Council on September 27, 2010 (Resolution No. 10-162) and subsequently revised on July 11, 2011 (Resolution No. 11-111) and September 26, 2011 (Ordinance No. 1860 – Fund Balance Classification Policies).

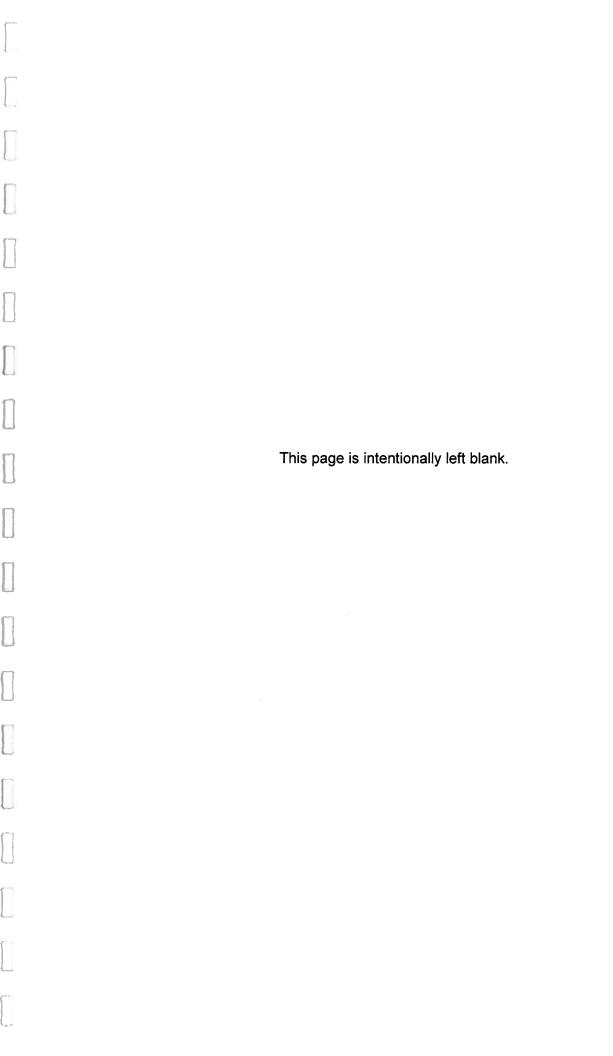




Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds September 30, 2011

| | | State Shared Gasoline Tax Funds | | | | | | |
|--------------------|----|---------------------------------|-------|--------------|-------|--------------|-------|-------------|
| | | Seven Cent | | Four Cent | | Five Cent | | Two Cent |
| ASSETS | | | | | - ' | | | |
| Cash and temporary | | | | | | | | |
| investments | \$ | 137,341 | \$ | • | \$ | • | \$ | 19,532 |
| Receivables | | 19,919 | | 11,546 | | 5,691 | | 0 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 157,260 | _\$ | 392,338 | \$ | 146,108 | \$ | 19,532 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 |
| vice and payable | *. | | _ * - | | _ ~ . | | - * - | |
| Total liabilities | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| FUND EQUITY | | 4== 000 | | | | 4.40.400 | | 40.000 |
| Fund balance | | 157,260 | | 392,338 | | 146,108 | | 19,532 |
| Total fund equity | _ | 157,260 | | 392,338 | | 146,108 | | 19,532 |
| | | · —— | _ | <u> </u> | | | _ | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| AND FUND EQUITY | \$ | 157,260 | \$ | 392,338 | \$ | 146,108 | \$ | 19,532 |

| С | Emergency Communication District | n | Corrections Fund | | Debt Service Fund | | Totals |
|----|--|----|---------------------|-----|-------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| , | | | | | | - | |
| \$ | 501,409 33,410 | \$ | 5,968 0 | \$ | 2,719,043 0 | \$ | 3,904,502 70,566 |
| \$ | 534,819 | \$ | 5,968 | \$ | 2,719,043 | \$ | 3,975,068 |
| | | | | - • | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 985 | \$ | 5,968 | \$. | 0 | \$ | 6,953 |
| | 985 | | 5,968 | | 0 | | 6,953 |
| | | | | | | - | |
| - | 533,834 | | 0 | | 2,719,043 | . . | 3,968,115 |
| _ | 533,834 | | 0 | | 2,719,043 | | 3,968,115 |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 534,819 | \$ | 5,968 | \$ | 2,719,043 | \$ | 3,975,068 |



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Other Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

| | _ | State Shared Gasoline Tax Funds | | | | | | |
|--|-----|---------------------------------|------|--------------|------|--------------|-------------|--|
| | | Seven Cent | | Four Cent | | Five Cent | Two Cent | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ | 216,158 | \$ | 130,591 | \$ | 64,138 \$ | 1,108 | |
| Intergovernmental | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Charges for services | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Other operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | | 130,980 | | 1,110 | | 418 | 52 | |
| Total revenues | _ | 347,138 | | 131,701 | | 64,556 | 1,160 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Public safety | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Street and sanitation | | 418,569 | | 125,000 | | 60,000 | 0 | |
| Recreational | | 0 | | 0 | | . 0 | 0 | |
| Debt service | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Total expenditures | _ | 418,569 | | 125,000 | | 60,000 | 0 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue | s | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | _ | (71,431) | | 6,701 | | 4,556 | 1,160 | |
| Other financing sources (uses) |): | | | | | | | |
| Operating transfers in | | 100,000 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Operating transfers (out) | | 0 | | 0 | | Ö | 0 | |
| Donations | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Total other financing sources | _ | 100,000 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures and other | s | | | | | | | |
| financing uses | | 28,569 | | 6,701 | | 4,556 | 1,160 | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | _ | 128,691 | | 385,637 | | 141,552 | 18,372 | |
| FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR | \$_ | 157,260 | _\$_ | 392,338 | _\$_ | 146,108 \$ | 19,532 | |

| Emergency Communication | | Corrections | | Debt | | |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------|-----|-----------------|-----|------------|
| • | District | Fund | | Service Fund | | Totals |
| | | - I dild | | 1 4114 | | Totals |
| \$ | 0 \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 411,995 |
| | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| | 329,353 | 0 | | 0 | | 329,353 |
| | 0 | 177,892 | | 0 | | 177,892 |
| | 1,316 | 0 | | 45,515 | | 179,391 |
| | 330,669 | 177,892 | | 45,515 | | 1,098,631 |
| | | | | | - | .,000,001 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 219,618 | | 0 | | 219,618 |
| | 300,963 | 92,049 | | 0 | | 393,012 |
| | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 603,569 |
| | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| | 0 | 0 | | 358,556 | | 358,556 |
| | 300,963 | 311,667 | | 358,556 | | 1,574,755 |
| | | | _ | | | |
| | 29,706 | (133,775) | | (313,041) | _ | (476, 124) |
| | | | | | | • |
| | • | 400 775 | | 050 550 | | 000 004 |
| | 0 | 133,775 | | 658,556 | | 892,331 |
| | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| | 0 | 0 | | 0 | _ | 0 |
| | 0 | 133,775 | | 658,556 | _ | 892,331 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 29,706 | 0 | | 345,515 | | 416,207 |
| | 504,128 | 0 | | 2,373,528 | | 3,551,908 |
| | | | | | | |
| \$ | 533,834 \$ | 0 | \$_ | 2,719,043 | \$_ | 3,968,115 |



Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Projects Funds September 30, 2011

| | City Capital Projects | Village Improvement Projects |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and temporary investments Receivables | \$ 18,234,695 0 | \$ 4,848,011 650,942 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ <u>18,234,695</u> | \$5,498,953_ |
| LIABILITIES Accounts payable | \$513,109 | \$6,424_ |
| Total liabilities | 513,109 | 6,424 |
| FUND EQUITY | | |
| Fund balance | 17,721,586 | 5,492,529 |
| Total fund equity | 17,721,586 | 5,492,529 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY | \$ 18,234,695 | \$5,498,953 |

| Tı | Village rail System Projects | Totals |
|-----|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| \$ | 507,191 0 | \$ 23,589,897 650,942 |
| \$_ | 507,191 | \$ 24,240,839 |

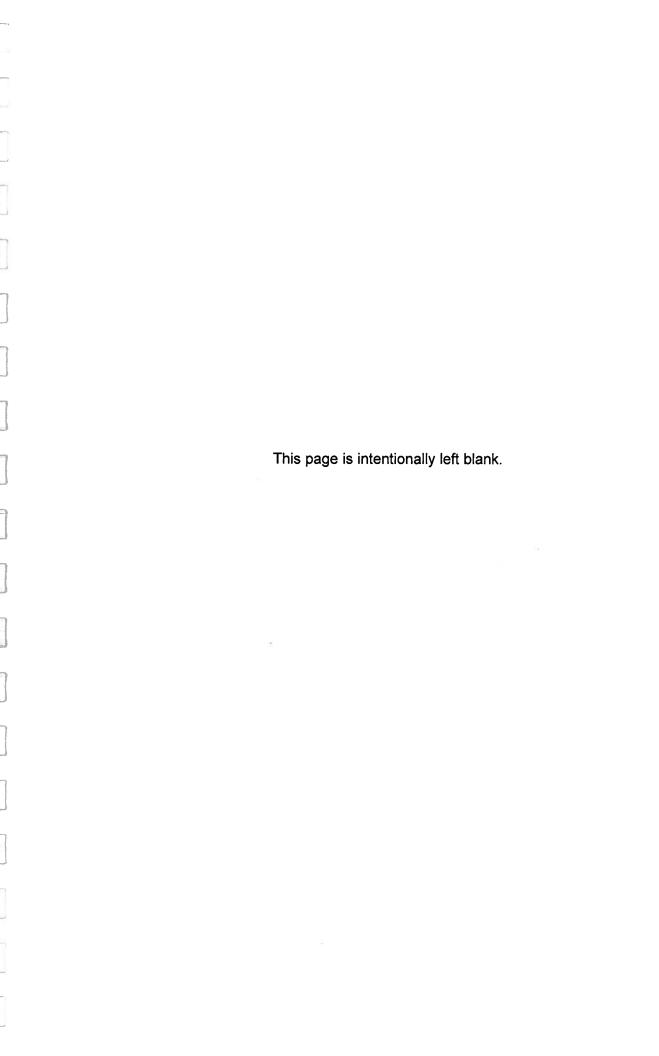
| \$_ | 1,575 | \$ 521,108 |
|-----|---------|---------------|
| | 1,575 | 521,108 |
| _ | 505,616 | 23,719,731 |
| _ | 505,616 | 23,719,731 |
| \$ | 507,191 | \$ 24,240,839 |



Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Changes in Fund Balances - Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

| | | City Capital Projects | lr | Village mprovement Projects |
|--|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| Revenues: | _ | | | |
| Revenues - grants | \$ | 3,976 | \$ | 2,742,108 |
| Investment earnings | | 449,012 | | 11,755 |
| Miscellaneous | | 35,942 | | 0 |
| Total revenues | _ | 488,930 | _ | 2,753,863 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| General government | | 4,488,545 | | 0 |
| Public safety | | 543,658 | | 0 |
| Street and sanitation | | 6,658 | | 3,391,274 |
| Recreational | | 194,890 | | 560,392 |
| Library | | 0 | | 0 |
| Total expenditures | _ | 5,233,751 | _ | 3,951,666 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over expenditures | _ | (4,744,821) | _ | (1,197,803) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Operating transfers in | | 2,748,024 | | 478,869 |
| Operating transfers (out) | | 0 | | (358,556) |
| Donations | | 0 | | 207,804 |
| Total other financing sources | _ | 2,748,024 | | 328,117 |
| Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other | | | | |
| financing uses | | (1,996,797) | | (869,686) |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | _ | 19,718,383 | _ | 6,362,215 |
| FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR | \$_ | 17,721,586 | \$_ | 5,492,529 |

| Village | | |
|---------------|----|-------------|
| Trail System | | |
| Projects | _ | Totals |
| | | |
| \$ 767 | \$ | 2,746,851 |
| 1,391 | | 462,158 |
| 0 | _ | 35,942 |
| 2,158 | _ | 3,244,951 |
| | | |
| 0 | | 4,488,545 |
| 0 | | 543,658 |
| 45,488 | | 3,443,420 |
| 0 | | 755,282 |
| 0 | | 0 |
| 45,488 | • | 9,230,905 |
| (43,330) | | (5,985,954) |
| | | |
| 0 | | 3,226,893 |
| 0 | | (358,556) |
| 0 | | 207,804 |
| 0 | | 3,076,141 |
| | | |
| (43,330) | | (2,909,813) |
| 548,946 | | 26,629,544 |
| \$ 505,616 | \$ | 23,719,731 |



Schedule of General Fund Revenues by Source For the Years Ended September 30, 2002 through 2011

| | | 2002 | | 2003 | | 2004 | | 2005 |
|-------------------------------|-----|------------|----|------------|-----|------------|-----|---------------------------------------|
| Taxes | Ī | | | | | | | |
| Real property | \$ | 8,177,532 | \$ | 8,422,094 | \$ | 10,244,362 | \$ | 11,094,902 |
| Sales and use | | 5,506,591 | | 5,701,970 | | 6,086,944 | | 6,534,289 |
| Occupational | | 945,302 | | 905,432 | | 929,454 | | 939,127 |
| Utility | | 1,007,657 | | 941,086 | | 953,228 | | 992,143 |
| Personal property | | | | | | | | |
| (automobiles) | | 967,329 | | 1,054,267 | | 1,076,449 | | 1,108,807 |
| Road and bridge | | 340,021 | | 351,477 | | 425,985 | | 460,216 |
| Other | | 931,057 | | 974,690 | | 1,072,439 | | 1,053,130 |
| Total taxes | | 17,875,489 | - | 18,351,016 | | 20,788,861 | | 22,182,614 |
| Licenses and permits | | | | | | | | |
| Business | | 1,632,925 | | 1,567,743 | | 1,647,641 | | 1,756,226 |
| Construction permits | | 380,206 | | 413,416 | | 667,971 | | 519,277 |
| Cable TV franchise fees | | 218,235 | | 223,181 | | 245,986 | | 257,695 |
| Waterworks Board | | 96,938 | | 124,717 | | 115,220 | | 123,202 |
| Other | | 47,100 | | 51,380 | | 55,717 | | 55,535 |
| Total licenses and permits | - | 2,375,404 | • | 2,380,437 | | 2,732,535 | - | 2,711,935 |
| • | _ | · · · | | • | | · · · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Intergovernmental | _ | 36,297 | | 37,248 | | 40,430 | | 41,736 |
| Charges for services | | | | | | | | |
| Garbage fees | | 1,459,625 | | 1,443,383 | | 1,526,500 | | 1,573,788 |
| Other | | 711,632 | | 508,902 | | 481,656 | | 486,567 |
| Total charges for services | _ | 2,171,257 | | 1,952,285 | | 2,008,156 | · - | 2,060,355 |
| Fines and forfeitures - court | _ | 298,824 | | 364,031 | | 496,457 | | 587,397 |
| Grants | _ | 5,738 | | 32,748 | | 172,338 | | 1,907,290 |
| Other operating revenue | | | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | | 268,893 | | 235,998 | | 126,245 | | 141,783 |
| Other | | 238,153 | | 245,403 | | 241,746 | | 247,971 |
| Total other operating | | | | , | | • | - | |
| revenue | _ | 507,046 | | 481,401 | | 367,991 | | 389,754 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | \$_ | 23,270,055 | \$ | 23,599,166 | \$_ | 26,606,768 | \$_ | 29,881,081 |

| _ | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
|-----|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| • | 44.070.000.0 | | | | | |
| \$ | 11,976,292 \$ | 13,181,868 \$ | 13,919,181 \$ | 14,592,638 \$ | 14,322,580 \$ | 13,890,843 |
| | 7,033,452 | 7,829,375 | 8,412,007 | 7,666,594 | 7,854,903 | 8,476,522 |
| | 248,283 | 1,475 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1,088,234 | 1,266,253 | 1,336,420 | 1,413,759 | 1,450,440 | 1,460,206 |
| | 1,131,386 | 1,139,952 | 1,130,239 | 1,022,666 | 1,047,869 | 1,079,079 |
| | 497,326 | 543,682 | 572,272 | 596,000 | 590,899 | 572,584 |
| _ | 1,316,806 | 1,275,315 | 985,588 | 1,075,676 | 1,016,068 | 903,688 |
| _ | 23,291,779 | 25,237,920 | 26,355,707 | 26,367,333 | 26,282,759 | 26,382,922 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 1,729,727 | 1,872,058 | 1,994,039 | 1,998,980 | 2,130,822 | 2,165,612 |
| | 893,161 | 851,266 | 1,036,354 | 634,059 | 624,309 | 753,444 |
| | 282,379 | 300,204 | 323,082 | 328,641 | 347,757 | 352,964 |
| | 137,964 | 161,961 | 167,341 | 157,794 | 159,242 | 207,939 |
| _ | 60,966 | 60,985 | 63,382 | 57,966 | 64,720 | 60,310 |
| _ | 3,104,197 | 3,246,474 | 3,584,198 | 3,177,440 | 3,326,850 | 3,540,269 |
| | 50,517 | 40,544 | 149,710 | 84,723 | 82,826 | 84,874 |
| - | - 30,017 | | 143,710 | 04,725 | 02,020 | 04,074 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 1,604,281 | 462,747 | 71,252 | 39,094 | 34,062 | 32,436 |
| _ | 486,385 | 517,251 | 498,576 | 486,785 | 591,636 | 619,716 |
| _ | 2,090,666 | 979,998 | 569,828 | 525,879 | 625,698 | 652,152 |
| _ | 623,579 | 597,961 | 470,020 | 443,400 | 514,542 | 529,522 |
| _ | 73,278 | 51,434 | 37,355 | 50,799 | 19,708 | 282,423 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 235,866 | 653,609 | 428,304 | 271,788 | 207,214 | 131,706 |
| _ | 325,757 | 161,303 | 230,717 | 371,526 | 254,173 | 300,657 |
| | 561,623 | 814,912 | 659,021 | 643,314 | 461,387 | 432,363 |
| \$_ | 29,795,639 \$ | 30,969,243 \$ | 31,825,839 \$ | 31,292,888 \$ | 31,313,770 \$ | 31,904,525 |

Comparative Balance Sheet - General Fund September 30

| ACCETC | - | 2011 | | 2010 |
|--|-----|------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| ASSETS Cash and temperaty investments | \$ | 0.024.404 | ተ | 0.642.000 |
| Cash and temporary investments Receivables | Ф | 9,931,494 1,971,945 | Ф | 9,613,968 1,691,410 |
| Due from related organizations | | 84,874 | | 81,745 |
| Inventory and prepaid expenses | | 110,366 | | 117,586 |
| morkery and propala expenses | - | 110,000 | | 117,000 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$_ | 12,098,679 | _\$ | 11,504,709 |
| | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 527,402 | \$ | 858,770 |
| Accrued salaries and wages | | 589,081 | | 1,010,684 |
| Due to related organizations | | 51,855 | | 37,259 |
| Other liabilities | _ | 957,232 | | 673,298 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | _ | 2,125,570 | | 2,580,011 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 110,366 | | 117,586 |
| Restricted | | 0 | | 0 |
| Committeed | | 53,455 | | 52,912 |
| Assigned | | 2,117,555 | | 2,025,145 |
| Unassigned | _ | 7,691,733 | | 6,729,055 |
| FUND BALANCES | _ | 9,973,109 | | 8,924,698 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$_ | 12,098,679 | \$ _ | 11,504,709 |

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund For the year ended September 30

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Revenues: | | |
| Taxes | \$ 26,382,922 | \$ 26,282,759 |
| Licenses and permits | 3,540,269 | 3,326,850 |
| Intergovernmental | 84,874 | 82,826 |
| Charges for services | 652,152 | 625,698 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 529,522 | 514,542 |
| Grants | 282,423 | 19,708 |
| Other operating revenues | 432,363 | 461,387 |
| Total revenues | 31,904,525 | 31,313,770 |
| Expenditures: | | |
| Current (operating): | | |
| General government | 4,868,781 | 4,759,472 |
| Public safety | 12,615,874 | 11,853,021 |
| Street and sanitation | 6,036,984 | 5,888,827 |
| Recreational | 1,195,140 | 1,118,235 |
| Library | 2,566,156 | 2,461,932 |
| Total expenditures | 27,282,935 | 26,081,487 |
| Excess of revenues | | |
| over expenditures | 4,621,590 | 5,232,283 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | |
| Operating transfers in | 0 | 3,905 |
| Operating transfers out | (3,760,668) | • |
| Operating transfers in - component unit | 119,419 | 34,469 |
| Donations | 68,070 | 124,853 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (3,573,179) | (4,021,548) |
| Excess of revenues and other | | |
| financing sources over expenditures | | |
| and other financing uses | 1,048,411 | 1,210,735 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | 8,924,698 | 7,713,963 |
| i did balances, beginning or year | 0,324,030 | 1,110,800 |
| FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR | \$9,973,109 | \$_8,924,698_ |

Comparative Balance Sheet - Capital Projects Funds September 30

| | | 2011 | | 2010 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|------------|-------------|------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and temporary investments | \$ | 23,589,897 | \$ | 26,143,180 |
| Receivables | - | 650,942 | | 1,885,749 |
| | _ | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 24,240,839 | _\$_ | 28,028,929 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 521,108 | \$ | 1,399,385 |
| | • | | <u> </u> | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 521,108 | | 1,399,385 |
| | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 0 | | 0 |
| Restricted | | 0 | | 0 |
| Committeed | | 23,719,731 | | 26,629,544 |
| Assigned | | 0 | | 0 |
| Unassigned | _ | 0 | | 0 |
| | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | _ | 23,719,731 | | 26,629,544 |
| TOTAL LIADUSTICS AND CUND DAY ANGES | Φ. | 04 040 000 | Φ. | 00 000 000 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$_ | 24,240,839 | \$ _ | 28,028,929 |

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended September 30

| | | 2011 | | 2010 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|
| Revenues: | _ | | | |
| Grants | \$ | 2,746,851 | \$ | 3,477,307 |
| Other operating revenues | _ | 498,100 | _ | 1,087,995 |
| Total revenues | - | 3,244,951 | | 4,565,302 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| General government | | 4,488,545 | | 1,597,366 |
| Public safety | | 543,658 | | 716,518 |
| Street and sanitation | | 3,443,420 | | 4,870,366 |
| Recreational | | 755,282 | | 2,051,661 |
| Library | _ | 0 | | 9,015 |
| Total expenditures | | 9,230,905 | | 9,244,926 |
| | | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | (F 00F 0F4) | | (4.070.004) |
| over expenditures | - | (5,985,954) | _ | (4,679,624) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Proceeds from the issuance of debt | | 0 | | 0 |
| Operating transfers in | | 3,226,893 | | 3,764,870 |
| Operating transfers (out) | | (358,556) | | 0 |
| Donations | | 207,804 | | 0 |
| Total other financing sources | - | 3,076,141 | _ | 3,764,870 |
| Excess of revenues and other | | | | |
| financing sources over expenditures | | | | |
| and other financing uses | | (2,909,813) | | (914,754) |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | _ | 26,629,544 | | 27,544,298 |
| FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR | \$_ | 23,719,731 | \$_ | 26,629,544 |

Comparative Balance Sheet - Debt Service Fund September 30

| | | 2011 | | 2010 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----------|------|-----------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and temporary investments | \$ | 2,719,043 | \$ | 2,373,528 |
| Receivables | _ | 0 | _ | 0 |
| | _ | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$_ | 2,719,043 | _\$_ | 2,373,528 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 |
| WIND DATAMAN | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 0 | | 0 |
| Restricted | | 0 | | 0 |
| Committeed | | 0 | | 0 |
| Assigned | | 2,719,043 | | 2,373,528 |
| Unassigned | _ | 0 | | 0 |
| FUND BALANCES | | 2,719,043 | | 2,373,528 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 2,719,043 | \$ | 2,373,528 |

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended September 30

| | | 2011 | _ | 2010 |
|--|-----|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Other operating revenues | \$ | 45,515 | \$ | 96,383 |
| Total revenues | - | 45,515 | | 96,383 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| General government | | 0 | | 0 |
| Debt Service | | 358,556 | | 359,647 |
| Total expenditures | _ | 358,556 | | 359,647 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | |
| over expenditures | _ | (313,041) | - - | (263,264) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Operating transfers in | | 658,556 | | 624,247 |
| Operating transfers (out) | _ | 0 | | 0 |
| Total other financing sources | _ | 658,556 | _ | 624,247 |
| Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures | | | | |
| and other financing uses | | 345,515 | | 360,983 |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | _ | 2,373,528 | | 2,012,545 |
| FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR | \$_ | 2,719,043 | \$_ | 2,373,528 |



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 2100 16th Avenue South Suite 300 Birmingham, Alabama 35205

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 55765 Birmingham, Alabama 35255

(205) 933-7822 (205) 933-7944 (fax) www.cricpa.com

To the Mayor and City Council City of Mountain Brook, Alabama

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mountain Brook, Alabama (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting (11-1). A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain

provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.
Birmingham, Alabama

June 19, 2012



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 2100 16th Avenue South Suite 300 Birmingham, Alabama 35205

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 55765 Birmingham, Alabama 35255

(205) 933-7822 (205) 933-7944 (fax) www.cricpa.com

To the City Council City of Mountain Brook, Alabama

Compliance

We have audited the City of Mountain Brook, Alabama's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2011. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses*, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City's management, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cau, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.
Birmingham, Alabama
June 19, 2012

CITY OF MOUNTAIN BROOK, ALABAMA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

| Description | Federal CFDA Number | Total Grant Award | Revenue Recog- nized | Expend- itures |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Federal Emergency Management Age | ncy | | | |
| Passed through State of Alabama | | | | |
| Emergency Management Agency | -C Btt | | | |
| Watkins Branch Flood Hazard Mitiga HMGP 1549-0166 | • | | 0.004.070 # | 0.004.070 |
| HWGP 1549-0166 | 97.039 \$ | 6,149,102 | 3 2,394,072 \$ | 2,394,072 |
| April 27, 2011 Storm Disaster Recov | very | | | |
| Public Assistant Grant | | | | |
| FEMA 1971-DR-AL | 97.036 | 227,618 | 227,618 | 227,618 |
| Total Federal Emergency Manag | ement Agency | 6,376,720 | 2,621,690 | 2,621,690 |
| U.S. Department of Transportation Passed through Alabama Department of T Watkins Creek Bridge Widening for Per STMTE-TE09(922) | • | 282,000 | 231,725 | 231,725 |
| Village Trail System, Phase 7A - Memo STPTE-TE09(918) | ry Lane 20.205 | 240,000 | 116,311 | 116,311 |
| Total U.S. Department of Transpo | ortation | 522,000 | 348,036 | 348,036 |
| U.S. Department of Justice Office of Justice Assistance Bulletproof Vest Program | | | | |
| 2009BUBX09049721 | 16.607 | 5,070 | 3,976 | 3,976 |
| Total U. S. Department of Justice | | 5,070 | 3,976 | 3,976 |
| TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS | \$ | 6,903,790 \$ | 2,973,702 \$ | 2,973,702 |

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards

1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the City of Mountain Brook, Alabama. All federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal financial assistance passed through other state and local government agencies, is included in the schedule.

2. Basis of accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the City's financial statements.

CITY OF MOUNTAIN BROOK, ALABAMA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

| Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued: | <u>Unqualified</u> | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | yes X no X yes none reported | | | | |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | yes <u>X</u> no | | | | |
| Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? | yes X no yes X none reported | | | | |
| Type of auditors' report issued on Compliance for major programs: | <u>Unqualified</u> | | | | |
| Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? | yes <u>X</u> no | | | | |
| Identification of major programs: | | | | | |
| <u>CFDA Numbers</u> 97.039 | Name of Federal Program or Cluster Federal Emergency Management AgencyWatkins Branch Flood Hazard Mitigation Project | | | | |
| Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: | \$300,000 | | | | |
| Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? | yes <u>X</u> no | | | | |
| Section II - Financial Statement Findings The following significant deficiencies were disclosed in the financial statements during the audit of the City of Mountain Brook: | | | | | |

CITY OF MOUNTAIN BROOK, ALABAMA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

2011-1 Segregation of Duties

Due to the limited number of people working in the accounting department, certain critical duties are combined and assigned to the available employees. To the extent possible, duties should be segregated to serve as a check and balance on employees' integrity and to maintain the best control system possible. We suggest that the segregation of duties be reviewed and adjusted where possible to strengthen the system of internal control.

Management's response:

The City agrees with this finding. The duties will be separated as much as possible and alternative controls will be used to compensate for lack of separation. The City also uses part-time employees to mitigate this condition.

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs There were no matters to be reported.